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NO MORE!

BY [illegible] A. CALDWELL

No more!
The saddest utterance [illegible]
To [illegible] on the [illegible] spirit
The only word within love's sweet [illegible]

This mournful [illegible]
[illegible]
And we the children of the [illegible] heart
The last

Of all
The sounds we ever hear, [illegible] the [illegible]
Which [illegible]
[illegible]

No fetal word, but [illegible] this [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
No more!

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Death's [illegible] more white than snow

No more! we [illegible] in Heaven
[illegible] never
[illegible]
Forever

And thou
[illegible]
[illegible]
The cruellest of all [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

WHO ROBBED MADAME

I had waited but a few minutes when she entered.

[illegible] Madame [illegible] young, though she had been [illegible] of [illegible] Madame [illegible] was [illegible]

[illegible] and [illegible]

"[illegible]"

"[illegible]"

"[illegible]"

"How many times have you been robbed?"

"Nightly for the past week," she answered [illegible].

[illegible]

"But Monsieur, I have not sent for you to unravel this wretched mystery with any intention of giving publicity to her guilt. However, I was only desire to learn the truth for her own dear sake. I would not wrong the innocent even in thought; the guilty I would unceasingly labor to restore."

Then with a sudden burst of grief she exclaimed:

"My poor Antoinette! She is so young! So winning! and so beautiful! Does Mademoiselle De Gray know of your suspicions?" I inquired, as a deep sob choked her utterance.

"She does. A few hours before I sent for you I told her of my loss, and entreated her to confess and receive my forgiveness." "With what result?"

She gazed at me with startled eyes for a moment, and then in proud, almost scornful accents, replied that I, above all others, should know whether she was capable of such a deed.

"And is she acquainted with the fact of your having secured my services?"

"Oh, yes, Monsieur. I hoped it would frighten her into a full confession." "Your servants?"

"They know nothing whatever. For Mademoiselle De Gray's sake I have kept this startling robberies a profound secret." After a few minutes serious consideration I said:

"Madame, I will watch here nightly until the mystery is solved." Madame shook her head despondingly.

"It is quite useless, Monsieur. I am no coward, and have already tried that plan, and strange to say, my cabinet remained intact both times."

"Perhaps Mademoiselle De Gray suspected your intentions," I replied. "This time we must guard against the possibility. And now, if you please, I will trouble you for a few more details. About what time do these robberies take place?"

"Always between midnight and daybreak. I seldom retire till 12 o'clock, and on the night of the first theft it was considerably later. I remember distinctly, for by a singular coincidence, Mademoiselle De Gray and I sat here discussing the possibility of the very event which occurred. The recent Madwood robbery had impressed us both deeply, and as I left the room, I bade Mademoiselle lock the door."

"Did you lock the other?" I asked, indicating one I had noticed awhile before.

"It might secrete a burglar, however. That is only a store closet."

"Yes, Monsieur, but it did not. I was in there a very few minutes before we retired."

"And the key of the door here—did Mademoiselle know where you put it?"

"Certainly, Monsieur."

"And on that night?"

"Alas! Monsieur, I have hidden my keys in vain."

After some further conversation I took my leave, promising to return at about midnight. I did so. Mademoiselle and the servants had retired, and as previously arranged, Madame answered my light tap herself. She ushered me into the private room, and soon bade me good night.

After a short absence, she returned with a steaming cup of coffee and a plate of Dutch cake.

"I always take a cup before retiring," she explained, "and thought you might find one acceptable." And with a kind good night she left me. I, being both chilly and thirsty, I emptied the cup almost at a draught. Then wheeling a chair behind the curtains, hoping that [illegible] with the appearance of the unknown thief.

But I saw nothing. Just at daybreak Madame softly entered the room and spoke to me. I rose instantly to my feet and stepped from behind the curtains. She gazed at me in surprise for a moment, and then smiled a little ironically.

"Monsieur slept well, I perceive." "Yes, Madame, as well as was soundly," I replied. "I recollect, was drugged."

"Drugged!" she echoed, staggering back a pace or two.

"Yes, Madame. I must ask who made it."

She covered her face with her hands for an instant, and then dropping them, she led over to the cabinet. In a minute she was beside me again.

When [illegible] she repeated in deep, hollow tones, "Mademoiselle De Gray. And—and Monsieur, *the money is gone!*"

"But," I answered in some vexation, "Madame, of all others, should I not have known of my presence here?"

"Ah, Monsieur, I was most careful," returned Madame sorrowfully. "It is a mystery how she gained her knowledge. Well, Madame, I must [illegible] a few minutes deliberation. We will meet Mademoiselle on her own ground. I must beg if you please to prepare another cup of coffee to-night. She will no doubt [illegible] And [illegible] was [illegible] exceedingly [illegible] I had watched patiently for two hours [illegible] a little old woman wrapped in a crimson [illegible] gown, and about whose [illegible] stole noiselessly into the room. She carried a bunch of keys and [illegible] a small bronze [illegible] she opened it at once to the cabinet [illegible] I [illegible] woman be [illegible] De Gray? [illegible] gazing at the singular apparition. No, it cannot be. Certainly Mademoiselle is young. This might be some [illegible] Madame. Quickly and [illegible] the cabinet [illegible] the secret compartment.

[illegible] deliberately withdrawing the notes she [illegible] on [illegible] table, and [illegible] she went over to [illegible] I [illegible] followed [illegible] and [illegible] the closet.

[illegible] but instead of the horror and [illegible] My outstretched arms [illegible] and [illegible] out on the [illegible]

"And this is the thief!" I muttered. [illegible] What will Madame say? Will she [illegible]?"

With [illegible] on the question I dropped [illegible] As on the previous [illegible] She looked at me scrutinizingly.

"Ah! Monsieur has had another good night without the need of drugs," she remarked somewhat bitterly.

"Yes, Madame, a very good one," I replied; "but this [illegible] night. 'Ah!' [illegible] Madame [illegible] but this time very tremulously. "[illegible]"

"Yes, Madame," I answered, finding she [illegible] "And now will you kindly [illegible] Mademoiselle De Gray?"

"No, Monsieur, no!" she replied with hasty emphasis. "My poor Antoinette shall be [illegible] but she shall be protected. You shall [illegible] Monsieur," she concluded [illegible] "[illegible] I will make a good woman of her yet!"

"Madame, Madame, you quite mistake me!" I answered feelingly. "Mademoiselle is innocent. I was fully prepared [illegible] the little [illegible] on both [illegible]"

"My Antoinette. My precious! My white dove! My [illegible] Sweet heaven, I thank thee!" she cried softly.

And before I could say any more, she had darted from the room. In a few minutes she returned, leading a tall, elegant, golden haired [illegible] whose proud eyes glittered with tears. This lovely vision of youthful beauty left Madame's side and came forward with simple, earnest dignity, "I thank you, Monsieur."

I [illegible] to [illegible] me [illegible] Mademoiselle," I smiled, "[illegible] but have you no desire to learn the name of the guilty party?"

"Ah, true!" exclaimed Madame. "I forgot all but my infinite joy. Tell us, Monsieur."

"First, Madame," I answered, "permit me to restore your stolen money. You have your keys, I see; you will be kind enough to open the closet?"

And hastening to the closet I brought out the [illegible] box.

Madame knelt down and wonderingly turned the key. [illegible] the lid [illegible] removed the false bottom. An astonished exclamation parted Mademoiselle De Gray's lips, but Madame [illegible] down the box [illegible] could not be convinced until the notes were in her hand and counted that it was no dream to all but a most pleasant reality.

"Yes, Antoinette," she at last said, rising and [illegible] the notes on the table, "every sou of it here. And to think of its being in the old box, Antoinette!" "Yes," smiled Mademoiselle, with a puzzled expression, but—

But [illegible] interrupted Madame, even more [illegible] "But who put it in the box?" And she [illegible] her eyes in eager expectancy on mine.

"[illegible] apparition," I faltered. "[illegible] the room between two and three o'clock, and went straight to the cabinet. In a few moments the notes were [illegible] and deposited where you just now found them."

"But [illegible] compartment, Monsieur," interrupted Madame excitedly, "was it opened without difficulty?" "Yes, Madame."

"[illegible] most strange!" she ejaculated [illegible] "[illegible] Go on, Monsieur."

"It was [illegible] Madame."

"Ah! But what did you do Monsieur?" she [illegible]

"Nothing, Madame, but stagger aside and [illegible] like a dumb [illegible] after the retreating form I had extended my hand to seize."

"Oh!" exclaimed Madame in a low, awed voice. "Was it—you called it an apparition, I recollect, Monsieur. What—what did it resemble?"

"It was a woman. A small, pallid woman, clad in a trailing crimson robe—"

"Crimson robe!" echoed Madame and Mademoiselle, both evidently aghast.

"Yes, and with silvery-white hair—"

"White hair!" again echoed both, looking at each other with faces of consternation.

Mademoiselle De Gray recovered herself first. "What else, Monsieur?" she queried, impatiently.

"Nothing else, Mademoiselle, except that this singular apparition carried a bronze candlestick and wonderful bunch of keys." Mademoiselle gazed at me a moment in silence, and then turning, suddenly flung her arms about the Madame's neck, and kissing her on both cheeks exclaimed between tears and laughter:

"Oh! you naughty, naughty thief!" Madame stared from Mademoiselle to myself, the picture of bewildered dismay, then dropping her eyes to the floor, she revolved apparently, some perplexing question. Presently she looked up.

"Tell me, Antoinette," she muttered doubtfully, "why did you drug Monsieur's coffee?"

"I?" exclaimed Mademoiselle, flashing with astonishment. "I did it no more than I stole the money. I knew not that Monsieur was here, much less that he took coffee. But perhaps," she roguishly added the next moment, as she again showered kisses on Madame's roseate cheeks, "but perhaps you can plead guilty?" Again bewildered dismay widened Madame's eyes, and after a little she faltered:

"Oh, Antoinette, I—I—yes, I certainly did! Monsieur slept well and I slept poorly. Yes, Monsieur, got my powders! I never thought of it till this minute."

"What powders?" laughed Mademoiselle De Gray. "The morphine?" exclaimed Madame, more composedly. "I felt sleepless and excited, and put it into a cup intending to pour my coffee over it, but I must have given Monsieur the wrong cup."

Then suddenly snatching the keys from the table she thrust them into Mademoiselle De Gray's hand, exclaiming tearfully:

"There! keep them my [illegible] darling. I have played 'La Sonnambula' long enough."

And I, looking at Madame's brown curls, to still [illegible] of [illegible] thought unassailably [illegible]

From the London Spectator

VOICES OF THE DEAD

A few [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

OLD POSSUM, THE BEAU.—Colonel Sparks of New Orleans writes an entertaining letter to a southern paper concerning the old song of "Old Possum, the Beau," once so popular. Colonel Sparks is the author of a book entitled "Memories of Fifty Years," and in the South is well known. He is now over seventy-five years of age. He numbered as his personal associates and companions of the long ago such persons as Daniel Webster, Calhoun, General Jackson, John Bell, Slidell, and most of the statesmen of note who flourished in long past time. His letter referred to is as follows:

ATLANTA, GA., August 21, 1874.

Mr. H. H. Moore:

MY DEAR SIR:—I am obliged to you for the little [illegible] from the Columbus paper as relating to the authorship of this song, once so popular throughout the country.

It is very true I wrote the lines I send you, and they are the first that were ever sung to the air which became famous.

I will give you a brief history of the writing and of the man who inspired them. When I first went to the West, in 1820, I was sometime in selecting a domicile. Why it is not necessary for me to state is the reason and causes [illegible] the second volume of the "Memories of Fifty Years."

Finally I located in Mississippi and commenced [illegible] I was in the midst of the [illegible] people I have ever known. Among them were two [illegible] but very [illegible]. One was a schoolmaster who was quite old and who had been teaching in that neighborhood fifty years. His name was James Rossum. He was peculiar in his habits. On Monday morning, neatly dressed and cleanly shaven, he went to his duties in the old school house, where two-thirds of his life had been spent, and assiduously devoted himself to the duties of his vocation until Friday [illegible]. On the morning of Saturday he arrayed himself in his best and devoted the day to visiting the ladies of the neighborhood. He was a welcome guest at every house. This habit had continued so long that he had acquired the soubriquet of "Possum the Beau." The other's name was Cox, who was a rollicking, good fellow, and the best vocalist I ever knew. He was my song, [illegible] and they were boon companions. Both died young. Cox was frequently in my office, and upon one occasion, while he was there, he was surrounded by the [illegible] and his age was apparent in his walk. Cox [illegible] a [illegible] and after a [illegible] to [illegible] which he could sing with pleasure, and its eloquence was indescribable. "Poor old Possum. Some of these [illegible] mornings he will be found dead, when he shall have a noble funeral, and all the ladies will honor it with being present, I know."

Soon after he left the office, and being in the humor, I seized the pen and wrote the following [illegible] lines. Soon after Cox returned and I handed them to him. He got up [illegible] and hummed [illegible] until he fell upon the old Methodist hymn tune in which they have ever since been sung. I have always considered Cox more entitled to the authorship of the song than myself. Hundreds of lines have been written to the air by as many persons, and almost as many have claimed the authorship of the lines, but it is of no moment. I claim no credit for my lines, but everything for Cox's singing them. I have seen him draw tears from the eyes of the old and young with the feeling he threw into the song.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

W. H. SPARKS.

A SPECTACULAR PERFORMANCE.—A writer in the Baltimore *American* says: "The young man of the day sees all the stage artifices. The light lances across your complexion, Miss, and he sees a dull, opaque white which looks like the leprosy. He sees the dead skin standing from the sides of your nose and cheeks like he has seen behind the scenes the view of enchantment hanging in tawdry decay, and blobs of paint dropping from the rotting material. When you move so gracefully around the room he sees the sharp outlines of your small round waist, notes how one shoulder is higher than the other, and how the knot of ribbon on your bosom flutters with the short, quick play of your lungs in the narrow space left to them. Think you that he does not recollect the warning of the critics then? That he does not know how compressing the ribs into the organs of the body affects the vitality and capability of the female constitution? Or that he is not aware what a Pandora's box of evils a querulous, unhappy invalid carries with her? You presume too much on popular credulity and ignorance if you imagine the spectacular performance can impose on men whose attentions are worth having. Dotted veils and such illusory contrivances are all failures.

A SACRAMENTO SENSATION.—Two gentlemen residing in Sacramento, Cal., were startled a few nights ago by loud screams proceeding from a room occupied by a lady member of the family. Inquiry elicited the information that there was a centipede on her bed. The gas was at the time turned down quite low, but the men could see the insect on the bed, and doubling a towel several times one of them cast it over the centipede, and clutched it tightly to prevent its escape. One of the gentlemen was somewhat of an amateur scientist and desired ardently to preserve the centipede as a specimen. Accordingly the captured insect was carried in the towel to a drug store. The druggist poured chloroform on the towel to stupefy the creature and to prevent the possibility of its escape, and one of the clerks stood by with an uplifted club to strike it should it attempt to get off. The towel was opened, and the expectant lookers on were astonished to find that all the fuss had been made over a little strip of calico.

When a man reminds you that you owe him, just make a note of it. He will take more interest in the matter if you humor him in that way.

From the Gentleman's Magazine

LOVE IN WINTER

I

Oh, love while the roses
And [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] on the tree,
[illegible] in the bowers
When Winter comes too late it will be
To pluck the happy flowers."

It is a milder singing
An ancient [illegible]
[illegible]
With her shrill song of youth
[illegible]
[illegible]
Of love is like the roses [illegible]
This [illegible]

[illegible]
I close my eyes and [illegible]
And [illegible]
A glimpse [illegible]
A [illegible] picture quaint and Dutch
I see I on this [illegible] seat—
[illegible] full of human brightness [illegible]
[illegible]

II

Thick leagues of endless snow [illegible]
(In [illegible])
Where many [illegible]
[illegible]
Gay clouds above [illegible] break,
Mists [illegible]
With [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
When some meek pastoral poet
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
A [illegible] with a [illegible] of snow

In fur [illegible] and laced
With [illegible]
And [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] is snow
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
She listens [illegible] bells
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible] happy hymn
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] with red

[illegible] through the gateway
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] hand
[illegible] ribbon tied

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Oh [illegible] ever
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
She stands [illegible] told
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] the Summer ended
When Autumn [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] place
[illegible] of the snow

Oh [illegible] the roses
[illegible] and love must flee
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
The happy [illegible]
[illegible]
The [illegible]
[illegible]
When Winter [illegible] is love too late?"
O Cupid [illegible]

Oh [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Beside her now [illegible] and glows,
[illegible]
Then spectacles [illegible] his nose,
[illegible] the week's news [illegible]

[illegible] touch of passion
[illegible]
[illegible]
They [illegible]
[illegible] happy boy—
[illegible]
[illegible] his own [illegible] joy—
[illegible]

[illegible] smoking
[illegible] of wood,
[illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible] company
They [illegible] sweet [illegible]
[illegible] and he
[illegible]

There [illegible] youngsters [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] present,
[illegible]
[illegible] —No
[illegible]
[illegible] snow,
And smokes the [illegible]

A CONNECTICUT BABY SHOW.—On Saturday of last week Killingly, Conn., had a baby-show. It came off in the Congregational Church, and a writer in the Hartford *Times* describes it after thus:

"There were little babies and big babies—sweet tongued and equally tongues—light babies and dark babies, blondes and brunettes. Among the latter was one of the African type, with a little round head like a billet, and eyes ditto. There was a baby from Brooklyn, N. Y., and one from Providence. The handsomest baby of all, and the most richly dressed, too, was a baby from Brooklyn, Conn., but its mother refused to enter it on the list of prize contestants, not wishing to put it on exhibition or to make a prize baby of it. Over fifty babies were entered on the list, and forty one were present. Four of the fifty died before the day arrived. When they were all collected a photograph of the whole lot was taken in the arms of mothers and nurses, sitting on the front steps of the church. But the task of arranging forty-one babies to be photographed all at once proved rather formidable. Fifteen or twenty at a time could be managed very comfortably, but as fast as these were got into position fifteen or twenty others threw up their arms or heels and squealed. Some doubled up their fists and punched their mothers in the face. I volunteered to hold a small, lymphatic infant which kept on its good behavior. I tried to get the little African, but it was otherwise engaged. The baby that sat just behind me fastened both fists into my hair and set up a lusty howl, in concert with another one on the left, who had for some time been sounding all the notes of the gamut. The indefatigable photographer kept up the flagging spirits of the baby tenders and his own, too procuring fresh plates as fast as one was spoiled by this restless mass of babies. At last it was announced that a passable picture was taken, and the babies adjourned to the inside of the church for refreshment and prizes. There were three classes of babies, and a prize for the handsomest of each class. The first class included those between two and three years of age, the second, those between one and two; and the third, those under one year. There were three judges for each class—nine judges in all. The child that drew the first prize—a solid silver cup lined with gold—was a bright, blue-eyed little girl by the name of Mary Jane Hallowell. The second prize—a silver knife, fork, and spoon—was drawn by a one year older, a little French girl named Isolder Lafleur, whose parents live in Killingly, her father following the brickmaking business. The third prize—a silver napkin ring—was drawn by a bright little Rumat baby named Champion. Whether boy or girl, I didn't learn. A baby judge doesn't occupy the most pleasant position in the world. If there are forty babies to judge, you must inevitably rile the feelings of thirty-nine mothers, for each one thinks her own the handsomest, as every crow thinks its own the whitest. 'That baby got the prize!' said a woman, curling up the hair of a little dot of a thing. 'That baby got the prize? Humph! I know a good many handsomer than that one!' And she gave a vigorous brush to each curl, as if to emphasize the fact that her baby was handsomest, prize or no prize!"

THE LINE FINGER.—Swinburne says in his Treatise of Spousals: "The finger on which the wedding ring is to be worn is the fourth finger of the left hand, next to the little finger, because by the received opinion of the learned and experienced in ripping up and anatomizing men's bodies there is a vein of blood, which passeth from the fourth finger into the heart, called *vena amoris* (Love's vein), and so the wearing of the ring on that finger signifieth that the lovers should be united in mind, but that as they did give hands each to the other, so likewise they should have hearts also, whereunto that vein extendeth." Commenting on this, the Canadian *Monthly* remarks: "This idea seems to have arisen in Egypt, as early as the second century. Appian, an Alexandrian historian, says that it is the opinion of the anatomists of Egypt, [illegible] almost direct course, passed from the ring finger to the heart.

But the staunchest upholder of this theory was Levinus Lemnius, a celebrated sage of Zealand, who lived in the sixteenth century. In his medical practice he had often taken advantage of this connecting artery to restore fainting women to consciousness. "The small artery is stretched forth from the heart unto this finger, the motion whereof you may perceive readily in all that affects the heart in women by the touch of your forefinger. I used to rouse such as are fallen into a swoon by pinching this joint, and by rubbing the ring of gold with a little saffron, for by this a restoring force that is in it passeth to the heart and refresheth the fountain of life, unto which the finger is joined wherein all pity thought fit to compass it about with gold. He also states that this finger was called medicus, since if any venom enter it not [illegible] was given to the heart before it came too late to us in endot. He gout also never afflicts this finger until the attack had assumed a fatal character. This he had observed in Calle Belgica, the Lord *passeth* [illegible] of [illegible] no Belgian [illegible] how serious his experience of gout may have been ever suffering in the finger till death was nigh at hand."

A THIEF CAUGHT BY A THIEF.—The Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* writes: "A very comical conclusion to a very ordinary theft took place the other day. A [illegible] gentleman's apartment one afternoon by means of false keys, and proceeded to ransack drawers and closets in search of valuables. To his disgust he found neither jewels nor money, nor any portable valuables, so he finally concluded to content himself with a suit of clothes. Accordingly he selected a new coat, including shirts, stockings, and underwear, had them put on the bed, and proceeded to remove his own garments. Just as he had got to the critical point when his own clothes were off and the new ones were not on, he heard some one open the outer door of the apartment. He scrambled in under the bed in all haste, and while lying perdu there he heard the new comer proving round the room opening drawers, &c. At first he thought it was the owner, but what was his horror to find that the second individual had been a brother thief, and that not only the clothes he had laid out to put on were gone, but his own suit as well. Whilst he was in the midst of his search for some other garments he was disturbed by the opening of the door, and his master popped into the closet. The first thief proved to be the owner of the apartment, who, finding his furniture in disorder, and the wearing apparel gone, proceeded to search for the intruder, and found the poor shivering man under the bed. He summoned the police and gave him into custody, and the unfortunate fellow was conveyed to the station-house wrapped in a blanket, and protesting that he had stolen nothing—that on the contrary he had been robbed himself of all his clothing.

HOW THE LATE VIRGINIANS GOT WIVES.—The History of the Commonwealth of Virginia says the bachelor Ell [illegible] with an auction sale—not, however, in a store but beneath the green trees of Jamestown, where probably the most anxious and interested crowd of auction bidders ever known in the history of the world was gathered. In a letter still to be seen, dated London, August 21, 1621, from the Virginia colonists of that settlement the writer begins by saying:

"We send you a shipment, one widow and eleven maids for wives of the people of Virginia. There has been especial care in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good commendations. In case they cannot be presently married, we desire that they may be put with several householders that have wives until they can be provided with husbands."

But the writer of this epistle had little reason to fear that any of the "maidens fair" would be left over. The arrivals of future evidence to prove that the self-sacrificing of young ladies were put up at auction and sold for one hundred and twenty five pounds of tobacco each, and it was ordered that this debt should have preference of all others. The solitary "one widow" went along with the others, for they could not be particular in those days. The good men of the colony do not find a busy time that day. He did not mention any fees, for if the bridegroom think of tendering any. All was joy and gladness, as stories dwell on no impunity [illegible] to say. Here's the license to keep that follows nothing of the sort. From some of these couples the first families of Virginia are descended.

MISS STERLING BEFORE THE QUEEN.—When Antoinette Sterling was summoned to sing before the Queen at Osborne House recently, according to a writer in the *Musical Gazette*, she adhered religiously to her determination not to [illegible] her arms, and she could in the [illegible] of evening dress, and she made up her mind, in her advanced republicanism, not to kiss the Queen's hand, which she did do, as thus related. The concert was not such a fearful ordeal after all. Only the august family circle, with a few ladies and gentlemen in attendance were present. Everybody seemed disposed for enjoyment; they applauded heartily, and accordingly it was easy to sing. Besides Miss Sterling, if I remember rightly, there was a violinist and a pianist, who were also inspired by the friendly atmosphere. As for Miss Sterling, she sang so that not only was she encored, but, after the programme had been fulfilled, she was obliged to add another number or two, and then she stood flushed with triumph and delight as she saw the Queen coming forward to speak with her. Where was all her rigid republicanism now? Her heart warmed towards the motherly little woman with her arms crossed on her breast, who was approaching her in the simplest kindliness. And then, said Miss Sterling, when I saw there was no hand to be kissed, and that all my defences had been erected against a friendly little old woman, all my nonsense gave way, and somehow—I could not help it—I just grasped the pudgy hand, all unexpectedly as it was, and kissed it, and the Queen seemed to like it, too.

A LIFE-LONG DISAPPOINTMENT.—Miss Ham, the eccentric old woman who died at Rye Beach recently, was the victim of disappointed love, and, like the old lady in Dickens's "Great Expectations," she always preserved the wedding outfit which had been prepared in anticipation of her marriage. For many years she had lived to a miserable level and among the few personal effects which she left behind was a package of well-worn love letters, written more than sixty years ago. The day of her marriage had been appointed, but the man to whom she had given her heart proved false. The disappointment nearly crazed her and changed the whole current of her life. She became sullen and morose, and lived in apparent enmity with all the world. She had surrounded herself with the mementoes of her disappointed hopes and treasured them until the day of her decease. The tattered quilt that covered her with and entered form was the same one that she still had wrought to deck her marriage bed. The table and bureau and other parts of her wedding outfit stood conveniently near, as a perpetual reminder of the shattered idol of her affections.

A HERO'S DEVOTION.—"Mr. da Moltke," says a correspondent, "goes to bed regularly at ten, but one fine summer's eve he will first indulge in another short, solitary stroll, in which he mentally prepares the next day's work. Often, too, he goes at night to visit his wife's tomb, which is concealed by a row of cypresses, on a hillock in the park. He lost her on the Christmas night of 1868. She was young and charming, and they appear to have been tenderly attached to each other, although he might have been her father. Whenever he arrives at his seat, his first care, before entering the house, is to go and pray near her grave."

Hard lines—Railways.

From [illegible]

A SWEET CONSOLER

Although I [illegible] much I love to [illegible]
The [illegible] strings of an [illegible] harp
[illegible]
The violin [illegible] sweet though sharp
[illegible] soothing syrup [illegible]
To which the [illegible]
Though loud [illegible] swell
And some folks hate it— Give me a cigar

Oh, sweet tobacco! though you make me ill
When [illegible] to using
And let me [illegible]
And [illegible] always [illegible]
Yet must I own when troubles have [illegible]
Or [illegible]
[illegible] music love [illegible]
I've drawn sweet consolation [illegible] pipe

ACROSS THE LINE.

BY JUDGE CLARK.

Old Gritstone's harsh [illegible] wore a harder look than usual as he confronted the terrified [illegible] with his infamous offer.

"Such are my terms, and you can accept them or not," he said, after a pause, during which neither of his auditors had summoned courage to speak.

The terms of which old Gritstone spoke were those on which he proferred to screen from shame the name of a son and brother.

George Vinton, who sustained these relations to the two persons with whom old Gritstone was now in conference, had lately left the little family and gone to seek his fortune in a distant city. Old Gritstone was the chief man of the county seat in which, for a season, George Vinton had held the post of clerk. On the last day of his service, as old Gritstone afterwards discovered, one of his customers had paid to George on an old account a hundred dollars. The payment had been made in a single bank note, which was now missing, and George had gone away without making any mention of entry of having received the money.

Of course he stole it, said old Gritstone. And it must be confessed the affair had an ugly look.

Still ugly as it looked, and obdurate as old Gritstone had always shown himself to be, he was willing to make terms in the present case. And they were these: *Mary Vinton must accept him as her husband, and her father must consent to her acceptance.*

"Of course," explained old Gritstone, "you cannot think of allowing any of your property to go to a thief; and I don't approve of wives having separate estates."

"Give him time, father," said Mary. "He must surely have an account, and George's safety is worth all the world to us."

"I'll be honored, my conditions," replied old Gritstone. "I have long had my eye on you for some time," he added, with a smile on Mary. "[illegible] as this is the second [illegible] of kindness and [illegible] circumstances have given me ground to hope, I do not mean to throw away the advantage."

Mr. Vinton was a timid man, devoted and attached to his children, and Mary would have given [illegible] to hold her brother.

The pitiless, wretched was [illegible] they were saw when [illegible] the crushing, best [illegible] of both.

[illegible] Mr. Vinton [illegible] her stern [illegible] Squire Hodge [illegible] the pumps [illegible] his [illegible] and [illegible]

At last, [illegible] pleaded Mary's father.

Delays [illegible] objected Old Gritstone [illegible] the [illegible] back to his face [illegible] already said. I've named my terms. Accept or reject them as you choose. In the latter case I shall at once proceed to put justice on your son's track and invoke his arrest."

"We accept your terms," said Mary with a shudder of despair. "I see it would be vain to plead further."

We have no heart to dwell on the sad time that passed between old Gritstone's departure and the following evening, set upon the incidents of the wedding and the execution of the deed. Suffice it to say both took place as old Gritstone had exacted. It might be amusing, if all the [illegible] connected with events so sorrowful could be amusing, to relate the queer manner in which Squire Hodge went through the nuptial ceremony, holding the [illegible] carefully binding the parties to keep the peace and support the Constitution of the United States.

When all was over and Mary had sat down to brood over her lot, the Squire was interrupted in the act of a congratulatory speech by the entrance of Harry Chesome, a handsome, manly youth, who had long been a secret admirer of Mary's—a fact which she had more than once half suspected, and with no little satisfaction.

Harry was surprised at the constrained reception he met, and the sombre expression of the faces present—that of the stolid Squire excepted.

"It's lucky I came to you," he said, turning to old Gritstone. "I thought you were a more careful man."

"I am not to be a careless one," was the curt response.

"I used to think so," replied Harry, "but when I found this hundred dollar bill between the leaves of the Surveyor's Guide which you lent me yesterday, it changed my opinion."

"*You found a hundred dollar bill in that book*," exclaimed old Gritstone, flushing with excitement.

"*A hundred dollar bill!*" echoed Mary, springing up and gazing intently at his face.

"Yes," said Harry, with no little wonder at the effect of his words. "Here it is. I was on the way to return it, and dropped in in passing to leave this letter which the postmaster requested me to deliver. I think it's from George."

Mary tore it open and ran hastily over the contents. It was the first she received from him since leaving home.

"By the way," said the writer in a paragraph near the close, "I forgot to mention to Mr. Gritstone that Mr. ——— paid a hundred dollars on his bill the day before I left. I had the money between the leaves of an old surveying book in the drawer intending to put it in the safe in the evening, but in the hurry of getting ready to depart I forgot. If about it is well to make an entry of the payment. Ask father to tell Mr. G."

"Thank God!—my brother's innocence is proved," exclaimed Mary, "but the proof comes too late to save me."

"*He*," she continued, in answer to Harry's amazed look of inquiry, and with a glance of scorn at the man she had just married—"he accused my brother of stealing his money, the same no doubt which you have found. The price he asked for his silence was my hand and my father's home!"

"Of course you spurned the scandalous offer!" exclaimed Harry, darting a fierce look at old Gritstone.

"I accepted it," said Mary hoarsely, "and the price he demanded is already paid!"

"No! no!—not his wife—God forbid!" was all Harry could articulate.

"I calculate I tied 'em up pretty tight," chuckled the Squire, "it was my first job."

"You married them, then," asked Harry quickly.

"I calculate so," answered the Squire.

"Where—in this room?" Harry hurriedly continued.

"Right here," said the Squire.

"Solemnized the marriage and took the acknowledgment of the deed both here?"

"Sartin."

"Then Heaven be praised!" cried Harry, "*for neither is worth a rush!*"

"What do you mean by this impertinence?" broke in old Gritstone, with the air of a man determined to receive respectful treatment in his own house.

"I'll soon tell you," returned Harry. "When you were a young Surveyor, as I am now, you assisted, I believe, in running the county lines hereabouts. I supposed you knew, though you seem to have forgotten it, that *this house stands in two counties*. Now, the fact is, that Squire Hodge has just performed two very important official acts in the end of the house which happened not to be in his county; consequently the acts are void."

Old Gritstone and even the stolid Squire, saw the point, and the two took their leave together, not a little crestfallen.

Another wedding took place in the old house not long after, and good care was taken this time to leave no questions of jurisdiction open.

The Detroit *Free Press* says that the young women in that town walk four abreast and carry the left hand as if it were a lame dog's paw, which may convince Boston youths that there are compensations for living in the East.

The Detroit Church [illegible] now demands three beau nights a week.

PROFITABLE FEMININE LABOR

The best thing that their friends can wish for the women of the next generation is the ability to earn money. Not merely the habit of working—the great majority have that now in a high degree—but the knowledge how to work to profit. If the habit of so working becomes common it will produce a change for the better in their position greater than any law, social or political, could bring about. Those who are frightened by mere change may well tremble at the proposal to give them such knowledge. Those who think the human race capable of improvement perhaps will not be much dismayed. The great obstacle to such a change lies in the women themselves. They do not look forward, and therefore do not care to provide for the future. They cannot learn lucrative trades or professions, and cannot therefore teach one of their successors. When they complain it is of the male service on the part of the other sex and of course the respectable part of them do not complain at all.

One word as to the fear of the future on the part of conservative temperaments. In endeavoring to describe the consequences of any change they simply pitch upon the greatest evils they can imagine and prophesy them all. The children will be neglected, the household [illegible] the husband made miserable, the family broken up. The only ground they have for expecting all this is that the women will have liberty to work all this mischief, and that therefore they will do it. They must have frightful notions of the constitution in which the present generation of women live. If the care of children, husband, house and home is only forced from them by their incapacity to resist since, how miserable their lives must be! What are the real limitations? On what soil of [illegible] are we living? Can we really say ours has much longer from an explosion by stopping up the crater?

What would the [illegible] say to the employments of a woman of the middle class two hundred years ago? She [illegible] the spinning of all the wool and flax as I in the family, probably buying it, and often doing [illegible] with the weaver and finisher of the cloth. The other beds, the napery, the clothing, were all of her providing. The curing of the winter provision and often the [illegible] fattening and killing of it was done under her inspection.

The [illegible] the [illegible] and many of the medicines were made under her superintendence. She ordered the preparation of the provisions daily for her own family, for all the meals required for this multitude was [illegible] laid for husband, apprentices and workmen besides. Whether the family grew rich or poor depended to an important degree on skill and industry in these very various employments and her power of getting the number of people who worked under her. Surely some people at this day will ask what became of her husband and children? Were they not terribly neglected? If not, should not the wife of the present day have time to spare? And how is it to be filled? Must she take the place of one of her own servants—the business of buying, manufacturing, and superintending being gone from her? Or should she seek a higher position, even though, like everything in the house, both her work must be changed.

Many persons think that there is really work in the house for wife and mother, whatever the number of servants employed. If we turn [illegible] to any employment she is compelled [illegible] it is very useful to look after the families and stay at home. These people must be shocked to see the cooking, washing, cleaning, &c., not done by the mother, but they must know that without these employments her time cannot possibly be filled. Those who are rich enough to pay for servants do not so fill it, and strange to say, the ambition of most husbands is to enable their wives to escape from this work. Surely it must be all wrong together, not only in the future and the past, but in the present. Where is the model family to be found, where the wife is wholly occupied with her husband and children and yet at the same time earning or saving money? If she is so occupied for the sake of such earnings why does she earn so little?

We have curious modes of measuring the value of money. If it has to be earned or worse spent, of the merest necessity, it is something utterly contemptible. How spend of the who [illegible] it is considered a multitude of sins, and it is supposed (and [illegible] of property) to confer insight and capacity to assist in the management of public affairs. While some will deprecate the interference of feminine influence, silliness and [illegible] in public affairs, some will value their superior honesty, tact and feeling. Every human being knows well that in wishing for power he does not wish to do evil, that he has plans for the public good that he would like to forward, and knows of wrongs he would like to see redressed. Mistaken, impracticable, as he may be proved to be, but he can never be ashamed of his wish to try. When women dare confess the similar honest wish, and can exert themselves to gain the power, the change will be strong enough. And the freedom to use—to those who are capable of using—is a blessing of the most important.

THE SCANDAL AS A SEDATIVE.—Friday evening a woman about 40 years old was arrested in the western district for disturbing the peace, and the event almost disturbed her, although she had seen the inside of a cell before. She began howling and weeping as soon as she was locked up, and Bijah, the janitor of the Ninth Avenue station, felt his heart getting tender. He offered her a hunk of apple but she merely stopped long enough to say what it was and then went on crying out:

"I am dying, I know I am!"

He besought her to live for the sake of her husband, who is away on the lakes, but she said she would be cold in death before the morning if she was not set at liberty. He showed her the almanac and tried to get her to peruse it and soothe her mind, but she tried to pull his hair through the bars, and raised her voice until it could be heard two blocks away. He began reading the almanac out loud, but she drowned his voice and he had to give it up. Then he went out and brought some peppermint drops and handed to her, saying that it was a burning shame to arrest a lady like her for merely hitting another woman on the ear with a shovel. She was quiet for a few moments, and then broke out again and the roof of the station seemed to be rising up. Bijah offered her a pound of gum drops, a new bonnet, a black silk dress, house and lot and $50,000 in bonds if she would only quit, but she danced up and down and yelled:

"Lemme out or I shall die!"

He locked all the doors and sat down on the front steps to let her exhaust herself, but after an hour and ten minutes, there being no cessation, he ran in with arms on his shoulder and threatened to cut her head right off if she didn't stop.

"I won't! I won't! I won't!" she said.

He then drummed on the coal scuttle with the [illegible] to drown her voice, but the voice drowned the scuttle. He put the hose on the [illegible] and threatened to drown her, but she [illegible] her eyes and pitched her voice on a new key. The old man was in despair. The men up stairs couldn't sleep, and the people out doors thought that another riot had been raged. As the officer rubbed his bald head and looked around his eye lighted on an old paper, and his smile extended from ear to ear. He carried it in, turned up the gas, and shouted:

"Have you read the Beecher scandal yet?"

"Read what?" she exclaimed, suddenly ceasing to scream.

"The Beecher-Tilton matter," he continued, "this one thing what everybody is talking about."

"No—where is it?" she asked, and he passed in the paper, telling her that if she would be good he'd hunt up the rest of the statement in another paper; and from that moment until daylight the woman never uttered another word, except once when she asked if there weren't seven or eight more papers with statements in.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A LITTLE FRAUD.—The Virginia *Enterprise* says: "The other evening a stalwart middle aged woman, with arms bare and red as though just out of the wash tub, and calico sunbonnet set awry upon her head, was seen passing hurriedly up Union street, leading by the left ear a squint-eyed, snub nosed, freckle faced, carroty headed youth of eleven summers. Fierce determination was seen in the eye of the woman, and a wild fear of wrath to come was depicted on the face of the boy. As the pair passed a crowded portion of the sidewalk, a bright idea seemed suddenly to strike the hooby, who was being thus roughly led away. Suddenly pulling back he shrieked in a piteous despairing tone: 'I'm little Charlie Ross who was stole! Won't somebody save me? That's a big reward offered for me!' 'Too thin, Ike!' cried a young hoodlum in the crowd; 'everybody knows you and your old man!'"

THE AMERICAN "TWANG."—Kate Field writes in her "Republican Notes on England" in the St. Louis *Republican*: "Now it is perfectly true that many Americans are exceedingly careless in their speech. They do talk through their noses, but it is also true that this hateful habit is an English inheritance and not a matter of climate. The native American's voice is guttural. It was our pilgrim fathers who brought over the whine known in England as 'Suffolk singing,' which to-day, though banished from London salons, may be heard in the counties of Norfolk, Suffolk, Essex, and Cambridge. If our ancestors who planted Massachusetts counties after their old homes had good ears for music they would have left their noses behind them, and their descendants would not now be twanging through life to the disgust of England's aristocracy. Now instead this so [illegible] the atmosphere of New England that its people do not realize the affront they put upon their own vocal organs. Yet in spite of hereditary taint, the most musical English in the world is spoken by cultivated Bostonians. This fact upsets the theory of climate, so too does the other fact that New England produces a singularly rich contralto singing voice, of which that consummate artist Adelaide Phillipps, her sister, Matilda Phillipps, who is now winning laurels in Italy, Annie Louise Cary, and Antoinette Sterling, are ever notable examples. The Puritans are not alone to blame for the defects in our speech. The negro has been our bane in more than one respect, and Southerners drawl and flatten their vowels because their sable nurses did so before them. Nevertheless, the cultured Southern planter will often speak English without the slightest accent. Puritan and negro have spread over the continent their vocal peculiarities, and until parents appreciate that most excellent thing in man or woman—a sonorous voice, and rear their children accordingly, Americans will suffer under the imputation of being the worst *talking* people.

NELL GWYNNE'S LETTER.—In the extensive collection of books, manuscripts and autograph letters and engravings of the late Sir William Tite, which was recently sold in London, there was a letter from Nell Gwynne, which is said to be probably unique. The letter was addressed to Laurence Hyde, the second son of Lord Chancellor Clarendon, then absent upon a foreign mission. As "Pretty Nelly" was not given to inking her dainty fingers and could scarcely scrawl her initials, she was obliged to call in the assistance of some friendly scribe when, as in the present case, she wished to despatch an epistle to a distant admirer. In the letter above mentioned there is the impress of Nelly's character, though not of her pen, and she had evidently obliged the amanuensis to write down her very words. After telling Mr. Hyde that she can hold no longer to let him know that she has never been in any company without drinking his health, she adds, "for I love you with all my soule. The Pell Mell is to me now a dismale place since I have lost Sir Car Scrope never to be recovered agine, for he tould me he could not live always at this rate, and so begune to be a litle uncivil, which I could not suffer from a ugly beau garson." Nelly was a high-spirited piece and ever ready to resent, with a retort more quick than choice, any impertinence from whatever quarter. Going on with her letter she mentions Lord Rochester and Mr. Savill and says: "Lord Dorset apiers worse in the months, for he drinks ale with Shadwell and Mr. Harris at the Duke's house (the theatre) all day long." Then alluding to Lord Buckhurst and Lord Beauclerc she concludes with: "We are going to sup with the King at Whitehall, and my Lady Harvie the King remembers his service to you. Now let's talk of State affaires, for we never carried things so cunningly as now for we don't know whether we shall have peace or war, but I am for war, and for no other reason but that you may come home. I have a thousand merry conceits, but I can't make her write them, and therefore you must take the will for the deed. Good bye, your most loving, obedient, faithful and humble Servant, E. G."

ODDS AND ENDS.

A little boy having broken his rocking horse the day it was purchased, his mamma began to scold, when he silenced her by inquiring: "What is the good of a horse till it's broke?"

There are said to be more Jews in New York than there are in Jerusalem. They have the finest synagogue in the city and live in the best streets. Who knows but New York is destined to become the New Jerusalem?—*Boston Traveller.*

There is said to be in this State a merchant who has been in business forty-seven years and never advertised and doesn't want to. He began with a capital of $800, and by strict attention to business and economical living has increased it to $807.

A Paris journal reports that in a recent fearful storm the electric fluid descended into the office of a great financial establishment in that city, but the cashier was not touched, as he had just left for Belgium with all the available funds of the company.

A Milwaukee writer is severe: "Notes of the storm still come in. A visitor from Louisville was struck by the wind, and as he flew up Wisconsin street with his ears unfurled, a gentleman remarked, 'I know that the wind would fetch the circus tent.'"

Some of the old Shoalers still live at the Isles, and one of them, eyeing with critical eyes a pretty little yacht that was moored at Star, one day, first spelt its name, Psyche. Spelt the old man slowly, P-s-y-c-h-e. "Well, if that ain't the durndest way I ever did see to spell fish!" said he.

A Cincinnati man has invented a new kind of velocipede, or rockaway, as he calls it. It goes on wheels, and one only has to rock to propel himself along at a wonderful rate of speed. The Marblehead boys' pet injunction, "Rock him out of town," can now be carried out by any man for himself.

A Detroit young woman tried to be aristocratic, and did not look at the money she gave the horse car conductor, but he meekly gave her back the lozenge on which was written, "I'll never cease to love thee," and said that he was an orphan with five little brothers to support and must be excused.

The little I have seen of the world teaches me to look upon the errors of others in sorrow, not in anger. When I take the history of one poor heart that has sinned and suffered, and represent to myself the struggles and temptations it has passed through, the brief pulsations of joy, the feverish inquietude of hope and fear, pressure of want, the desertion of friends, I would fain leave the erring soul of my fellow-man with Him from whose hand it came.—*Longfellow.*

They know how to do it in Arkansas, and Yankee ingenuity hangs its diminished head in the presence of their shrewdness. A railroad company in that State, in order to realize the State aid, built a section of ten miles, drew the bonds thereon, took up the rails and relaid them on the second section, then drew another instalment of bonds, and so on until its whole quota of bonds had been drawn and no road built—the State authorities conniving at, and probably participating in, the fraud. What's the Credit Mobilier compared to this?

A gentleman at Lake George, after waving his handkerchief for half an hour or more at an unknown lady, whom he discovered at a distant point on the shore, was encouraged by a warm response to his signals to approach his charmer. Imagine his feelings when, on drawing nearer, he saw that it was his own dear wife whom he had left at the hotel but a short time before. "Why, how remarkable we should have recognized each other at such distance," exclaimed both in the same breath, and then they changed the subject.

Among the guests at Lebanon Springs, is a wealthy bachelor, whose bank account is much better than his orthography. A party of guests were playing a game in which a ball, made of a handkerchief, is thrown from one to another with the salutation of "Here comes a ship laden with———," each successive receiver being obliged to name a commodity for cargo, beginning with the letters of the alphabet in turn. When the handkerchief alighted at the letter K in the bachelor's lap he shouted "Krockery," which excited a smile and the game hastily proceeded, when it was found the word was really given in good faith and not as a joke. The roguishness of a young lady, however, caused the flying messenger to alight in his lap a second time at the letter S, whereat the receiver shouted "Sinnamon" so triumphantly that somehow or other there was so much laughing that it was thought best to try another game.—*Hudson, (N. Y.) Register.*

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Bucks County Gazette:

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.

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JESSE O THOMAS
Bristol Pa

The Temperance crusade has broken out afresh in Madison, Indiana, and the praying bands are out every night

The Sportsmen's Convention at Niagara Falls adopted some salutary rules in regard to game. It adjourned to meet in June in 1875.

Washington Hesing, a youth nominated for Congress in the First Illinois District, declines because of his youth, inexperience and lack of money

Now it is Rev J W Jackson colored minister of Allegheny Pa, who is on trial for making improper proposals to a married woman.

General Custer, in his official report of the Black Hills Expedition, recommends the immediate opening of that region, for military reasons

Governor Dix, of New York, has declined to remove Mayor Havemeyer on the charges that were preferred against him He censures the Mayor's action, however

The Interior Department has decided that the Cherokees have the right to tax Texan cattle driven across their reservation, and in default of payment to seize the cattle

The Maine election resulted in the election of Dingley, Republican, by 11,000 to 12,000 majority, and of a full Republican delegation to Congress Last year the Republican majority was 13, 58

The Commissioners of the Freedmen's Savings Bank and Trust Company at Washington, say, as yet, they can make no statement in detail for which they are willing to be held responsible They have not arrived at accurate results either as to the indebtedness or assets of the institution

The New Jersey Democratic State Convention met at Trenton yesterday, Jacob Vanatta presiding The platform adopted declared in favor of gold and silver as the only true currency, and for a tariff for revenue only Judge Bedle was nominated for Governor

The receiver of Jay Cooke & Co intends to issue a call, based on an order of the court for a meeting of all the creditors of the concern to take place at Philadelphia on the 6th of October, to consider all the questions which have arisen in and out of court regarding the settlement of the Jay Cooke & Co's estate

Charles Perkins the quondam American Consul on trial in Paris for obtaining money under false pretenses has been adjudged guilty, sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of 100,000 francs, and ordered to refund all the moneys fraudulently obtained His wife, who is niece of ex Queen Isabella, was acquitted

The Agricultural Department report of the cotton crop for September shows a heavy decline in the prospects of the crop in all the States but Virginia where it about holds its own. The Virginia crop is a very small one, however The cause has mainly been the drought and the intense heat, and the average decline is at least 20 per cent

John H Hurley, aged ... was recently pardoned by the Governor of Massachusetts on condition of future good behavior, after having served 7 years of a term of 10 years for garroting. Last Monday he was again sentenced to 14 years for burglary, and will also have to serve the unexpired portion of the previous term, making 27 years in all

The Chesapeake "oyster war" rages again The Virginia oyster inspector, H B Custis last Friday, in Pocomoke Sound, captured the schooner Annie, Capt Hussy, and a small canoe, containing Charles Ruggan, for illegally taking oysters The arrested parties were Marylanders and in the capture Thos Rugger was mortally wounded by a shot from Custis

The alarming effect of the recent quarantine circular from the Treasury is causing some agitation at Washington The announcement is again made that it was prepared not only without special reference to yellow fever but also without reference to the known sanitary condition of a single port in the country The object was solely to prevent any contagious disease being brought into the United States

The Postmaster-General says, in regard to devising stamps for prepaying newspapers that this is a very difficult problem To carry out the law, he says it will be necessary to discover some elementary combination of sums, ranging from two cents up to $60, so as to cover every possible amount between those two extremes and yet not have a stamp for every sum Two cents would pay for one pound or a fraction, $60 for a ton, and to have a stamp for each pound increase in the weight of matter, he thinks would be an expensive system and confusing as well It would also require a double series one of cents and another of dollars To have the full series of 100 stamps, representing sums from one to 100 cents and $1 to 60, would still, he thinks, be a cumbersome system The subject is receiving close attention

The last grand jury of Philadelphia, in its final presentment, called especial attention to the great number of criminal offences resulting from the failure of young men to learn useful trades A very large proportion of those who are convicted of crime in the city are found to be unable to earn an honest living for want of proper instruction The grand jury therefore recommended the establishment of industrial schools, in which mechanical trades may be acquired. The time when boys and young men might freely learn a useful handicraft in private establishments seems to have passed away In all the large cities there are trade unions, which positively forbid the taking of more than a very small proportion of apprentices by the employers This is the case with the building trades, with shoemakers, tailors, machinists, printers, and a dozen other occupations No matter how many applications there may be from young men anxious to learn how to work, no more than the regulation number may be admitted. The nominal object is to prevent the trades from becoming overcrowded But the actual result is to deprive our own boys of the chance of getting the means of livelihood, while the trades become filled up with foreign workmen who cannot be excluded The American is compelled to be an idler, and perhaps a criminal, while the German or Englishman comes in and takes his place in the ranks of industrial life. This is all wrong, and the combinations which make such results ought to be restrained by law. It is useless to argue with the leaders of the trades unions against their suicidal folly, but it is worse than that for the whole community to sit down in quiet submission to their tyrannical dictation —*Intelligencer.*

THE LOUISIANA WAR.

Last Monday, at New Orleans, an open revolt was inaugurated against the Kellogg Government and there was some fighting, a number being killed and wounded At 11 A M a large mass meeting assembled to take into consideration the recent seizures of arms by the Kellogg Government Canal street was crowded for several squares, and there was a general suspension of business, many stores being closed Two companies of United States troops were on duty in New Orleans, and a regiment on the way there from Holly Springs, Mississippi The meeting adopted resolutions requesting the immediate abdication of Governor Kellogg, and sent a committee to communicate them to him The Governor declined to see them, because bodies of armed men had gathered in various parts of the city, and he regarded this as a menace He further stated, however, that if the people assembled peaceably without menace, he would entertain any petition from them which was addressed to him After some further parley with the Governor's officials the committee withdrew, and reported the result to the meeting The people were then advised to go home and get their arms and return to assist the "White Leaguers," who were under arms, to execute the plans that would be arranged for them The meeting then dispersed In the afternoon a proclamation appeared, reciting the wrongs under which the people of Louisiana have so long suffered, and signed by D B Penn, Lieutenant Governor, who was chosen on the McEnery ticket It called out the militia between 18 and 45 "for the purpose of driving the usurpers from power," and an annexed order appointed General Frederick N Ogden Provisional General of the militia Another proclamation was also issued to quiet the apprehensions of the colored people Armed men assembled in Canal street in the afternoon, and five hundred police, under Gen Longstreet, about the same time appeared on the ground Longstreet ordered the citizens to disperse There was sharp firing, and the police at one place broke, and the citizens captured one gun from them The citizens captured City Hall and police telegraph office, and began building barricades At dusk the citizens held all the portion of the city above Canal street, the police being massed in and around Jackson Square A number of sharpshooters have occurred causing a loss of eight citizens and thirty police killed and many wounded General Badger, of the police, is wounded

During Monday night the Citizens party so strongly entrenched their position and strength ened their forces, that Governor Kellogg determined to call upon the President for aid and in the meanwhile to surrender his forces Kellogg, Longstreet and their officials took refuge in the United States Custom House, and on Tuesday morning the entire force of Metropolitan police with their auxiliaries, artillery, arms, station houses, &c, surrendered to Governor Penn, who at that time had 10,000 men under arms to support him Penn at once assumed the reins of government, and announced the intention of installing all the officials chosen with him on the McEnery ticket in 1872 Kellogg having appealed for aid to Washington, the President issued his proclamation commanding the New Orleans citizens to disperse within five days Orders in accordance with it were sent to Gen Emory, commanding at New Orleans There was no violence there on Tuesday, and the excitement was announced as subsiding Governor Penn has made an appeal to the President for the recognition of his authority Mr Marr, in front of St Charles Hotel, made a speech to a crowd, deprecating violence and exhorting to peace and a proclamation of similar import was issued by the Mayor of the city Gen Emory reports that he has not troops enough to maintain himself if a conflict should occur and that the mere presence of troops has lost its moral effect There were great rejoicings on Tuesday in New Orleans at the result of the contest and the United States troops in the Custom House appeared at the windows and heartily cheered a passing procession of the citizens

The condition of Louisiana affairs was the subject of discussion in the Cabinet at Washington on Wednesday, but no final method of dealing with the case was decided upon Gen. Emory, commanding the United States troops in Louisiana was instructed "under no circumstances to recognize the insurgent Government of Louisiana," and that within five days from the date of the President's proclamation "such action will be taken as the emergency requires" The proclamation was issued on Tuesday, the five days will expire on Sunday. —*Ledger*

Before us is the announcement of the Womens Medical College of Pa, for the session of 1874 and 1875 From it we learn that the next and twenty fifth annual session will open Oct 1 During the earlier years of this Institution in its struggle for existence, much is due to the devoted and persistent efforts of some of its friends, who encouraged by their love of justice as well as love of teaching, gave many months of hard and uncompensated labor to secure for it an honorable and secure position

To day its graduates number nearly two hundred practicing Physicians, many of whom by honorable devotion to the professions of their choice have won for themselves not only a competency for their families, but an enviable position in society And now that this College is about closing the first quarter of a century of its history, it witnesses a marked change in the reception of its graduates not only by the public but also the whole medical fraternity Medical societies have expunged from their code of by laws the barbarous regulations restricting its members from consulting with lady practitioners each one now being left free to do in such matters as his judgment or duty should direct, while the opposition to the cause of the medical education of women both at home and abroad will soon be a relic of the past Under these circumstances the corporations and faculty of the College are stimulated to increased efforts. And in order to make the Institution still more worthy of the cause it has so long represented, they have now in process of erection a commodious college building which will amply accommodate the college in all of its departments, and enable the corporators to do what they have long felt was a growing necessity, viz to establish departments of pharmacy and dentistry, where ladies can receive thorough instruction in these collateral medical studies A wide field is here offered, so that any young woman who desires to step out of the beaten path, so long hedged around by the conventionalities of society has here opened to her a life of usefulness and remunerative occupation

There is still another valuable opportunity offered here to ladies, they may take what is called a special course, matriculating in the college as any other students, but taking tickets for one or more of the studies thereby making themselves proficient and competent teachers Anatomy, Physiology, chemistry, and Microscopy can all be studied here to great advantage, simply as a matter of gaining information It is an opportunity not before offered

The Michigan Democratic State Convention has nominated the following ticket: Governor, Henry Chamberlin. Lieutenant-Governor F. Hall, Secretary of State, George H. House, State Treasurer, Joseph M Sterling, Attorney General, M V Montgomery

The South Carolina Republican Convention adjourned last night after a six days' session A platform was adopted, included a resolution endorsing Grant's re-election for a "third term," the latter by an unanimous vote.

The Anti Monopolists of Iowa, have nominated Henry C. Hargy, a Granger, for Treasurer

It is reported in England that Mr Tennyson has nearly finished the tragedy of "Boadicea," which he is said to be preparing for the stage

For several weeks past a Committee of Stockholders has been thoroughly overhauling the affairs of the Pennsylvania Railroad, sitting with closed doors and preserving the most rigid secrecy as to its developments The members of the Committee were appointed at a stockholders' meeting and the investigation grew out of an apprehension in the minds of many stockholders that the directors were not managing the road with sufficient prudence—that many Western roads had been leased on terms that were proving unprofitable, and that, in short, a spirit of unsafe speculation was growing which ought to be checked The result of the investigation is a bulky volume of nearly 300 pages, showing a vast deal of patient work, and concluding with statements and recommendations of considerable interest to the railroad public Confidence in the present management of the road will scarcely be impaired by the report, but it will no doubt tend to secure the maintenance of a more conservative policy in future Such a policy has already been inaugurated, following necessarily upon the heavy reduction in business which resulted from the panic of a year ago The Committee go carefully over the assets of the Company, and put them through a process of shrinkage from the values given in the last official reports The value of the stock owned by the Company in the Allegheny Valley Road is reduced nearly one-half The stock of the Philadelphia and Erie is rated a trifle over its bonded debt, giving its floating debt only a nominal value The Company's interest in the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St Louis Road second preferred stock is reduced two and a quarter millions, the Committee holding that the first preferred stock has no market value No present value is assigned to the second mortgage bonds of this Road, owing to the depression of the first mortgage bonds The Company's interest in the stock of the Baltimore and Potomac Road is reduced to $1 per share, the net earnings of the Road being, in the judgment of the Committee, barely equal to the gold interest charge on its mortgage bonds

The directors are censured for the anomalous double position of landlord and tenant occupied toward the Philadelphia and Erie Road, and for saddling the Company with a loss of $5,000,000 by making investments south of Baltimore without the consent of the stockholders In spite of these losses and mistakes the ability of the Company to earn its customary 10 per cent annual dividend, and a surplus besides is stated as beyond doubt The steady diminution of loss on unprofitable lines is held to partially justify these transactions and to indicate that in the end they may be a source of revenue

The value of the Company's extensive Western connections is discussed in a way that brings in the whole problem of the profitable management of railroads in the sparsely settled regions of the West The Committee conclude that farm products will not at present prices bear transportation and yield a fair profit to either transporters or producers, and the tendency of such prices is downward, that the railroads cannot afford to reduce rates and that as a consequence they would do better to carry a less quantity of freight of a higher class value

Mr Francis D Moulton's supplementary statement was published by the New York *Graphic* last Friday evening It is extremely lengthy and bears upon its face not only probability but almost absolute truth The argument throughout is directed to defending Moulton from the charge of blackmail and proving Beecher criminally guilty A history of the proceedings before the Plymouth Church investigating Committee is given, showing that the committee and the chief parties concerned had several times agreed upon a settlement of the matter but the compacts were always violated by somebody, so that the scandal constantly broke out afresh Drafts of different "reports" which the Committee were to sign in pursuance of these settlements are given in this statement Moulton reiterates that he took down Beecher's "letter of contrition" exactly as he dictated it He alleges repeated prevarications and much falsehood and distorted pleading in Beecher's defence before the Committee He also alleges renewed criminal intimacy between Beecher and Mrs Tilton *after* the writing of the "letter of contrition" He repeats that Beecher confessed the criminality to him, and defended it, and says that this confession and defence are impressed upon his mind because they were the first enunciation of a justification of the doctrine of free love which he had ever heard He speaks of the relation between Beecher and Mrs Tilton as being viewed by them as a "spiritual marriage," and quotes a letter from Mrs Tilton's mother, in which she addresses Beecher as "My Dear Son," and in it implies that she did so at Beecher's request In this letter a loan of money is asked, and Moulton says that its writer was Beecher's blackmailer and not him All the money Beecher paid him was voluntarily paid, to go to the Tiltons or elsewhere, to suppress the scandal and at Beecher's suggestion Numerous letters, written by Beecher and indicating this, are quoted Moulton also accuses Beecher of criminal intercourse with another woman He charges him with having procured poison to kill himself with, if ever a revelation of his crimes was made, Beecher saying to Moulton, "It would be simply reported that Beecher died of apoplexy, but God and you and I will know what caused my death" A letter from Beecher is also quoted in which a loan of money to Mrs Woodhull is hinted at Moulton, at much length, explains the reasons that led him to keep all these things secret until Beecher turned against him, and, after deprecating the extent to which the scandal has grown, he closes by quoting the portion of the gospel of Christ's teachings on the Mount, wherein the enormity of the crime of adultery is described, and its ultimate punishment is very plainly laid down

[For the Bucks County Gazette]

A BETTER TIME COMING.

During a visit to the city this summer I spent a day at an institution or Home for Infirm Colored Women, the building is of stone, commodious and substantial, fronting on Belmont Avenue commanding a fine open view of some prominent points visible in the distance of Fairmount Park This is thoroughly a benevolent institution, and those who founded it merit the deepest gratitude of that wronged and persecuted race Its hospitable doors are opened wide for all those who are bowed with age or crippled with toil The blessing of Heaven must rest over such a Home It is a fitting monument of returning justice This great law was clearly defined when the haughty South sent hissing through the air its fiery message of war Peace could come to none until vicarious blood flowed like water from veins that were precious, and the whole country that was involved expiated its crime in the "dust and ashes" of mourning Now such institutions as this, in answer to this divine statute of compensation must spring up all over the land Both philanthropist and patriot must rejoice in such evidence of the final overthrow of wrong, and we can easily prophesy that future ages will proclaim a grander harmony than we can now anticipate

Bristol, 9th mo, 1874 F

A terrible collision occurred last Friday morning on the great Eastern Railway, near Norwich, England —Twenty persons were killed outright and fifty were wounded, some of whom are very badly hurt, and additional deaths are expected every hour The railway line was completely blocked by the debris of the wrecked trains The scene at the place of the collision is described as terrible, and the cries of the wounded as heart-rending

Nebraska has four political parties in active operation—Temperance, Republican, Independent, and Democratic

STATE OF MR BEECHER'S HEALTH

The publication of his statement was followed by painful apprehensions of the effect of the investigation of the Brooklyn scandal upon the health of the beloved pastor of Plymouth The frequent assurances of Parson Halliday and Clerk Shearman of the continued physical and mental robustness of Mr Beecher were all that prevented the preparation and publication of elaborate sketches of the most famous platform orator of our time But if Mr Beecher could stand the shock of the many-mouthed scandal, and still it was the impression that the state of his health did not warrant the services of the obituary writer whom every well regulated newspaper keeps in its employment The experience of preparing memorials of His Holiness Pius IX in anticipation of his immediate decease, admonished the press that "the attenuated thread" is not so readily and rudely sundered as the poets represent

Then there was the impression which Mr Beecher's writings and sermons had fixed in the public mind of a man in whom physical and mental powers were exceptionally developed and blended It could not be entirely rubbed out, even by the surprising disclosures of his statement The sun appeared to rise upon him in gladness and set in smiles Loved by his people, admired by the world, and presumed, as a Christian minister, to enjoy that peace which passeth understanding, there seemed to be nothing wanting to the perfection of his lot upon earth His lines had, indeed, fallen to him in pleasant places

And then Mr Beecher showed such a zest for the good things of this world It was only surpassed by his glorious anticipations of the fruitions of the next How he glowed over a fragrant cup of coffee tinct with golden cream, with what unction he expatiated upon green peas, with what epicurean satisfaction he regarded a roast of beef done to a turn, and how supreme was his enjoyment in contemplating peaches and cream daintily served in dishes of china and with snowy linen upon the board In all this he exhibited the hearty relish of a boy upon whose tongue the sweetness of things temporal has the freshness of morning dew

It seemed incredible that this merry parson, with no enemy in the world but the hay fever which he successfully defied from the bright mountain tops could be a hypochondriac by heredity, subject to as severe fits of mental depression as the poet Cowper, and to imagining as frightful as those that tormented the Bedford tinker when wallowing in the Slough of Despond Had not Mr Beecher revealed these dark phases of his hidden life his most intimate friends would have scouted the suggestion that he dwelt in a "cave of gloom," and sitting upon "the ragged edges of remorse and despair" moodily watched the dismal procession of grisly phantoms that trooped by him, and which threatened to break gibbering upon the ear of the startled world

These moody tendencies of a highly sensitive and poetical nature were intensified by an apprehension of sudden death His specter did not like that of Dame's Buccaneer, make periodic visitations and come but once a year Like the Nemesis of ... it stepped in his foot prints whenever he walked haunted his consciousness at every turn and threatened him with calamity at all times and places As long ago as 1856 he tells us he experienced symptoms of apoplexy or paralysis of some thing of the kind In the pulpit he would have fallen had he not held to the table In the street he maintained his equipoise only with great difficulty "During the last fifteen years" he says "I have gone into the pulpit I suppose one hundred times with a very strong impression that I would never come out of it alive * * * I have more than once already been on a stroke that would have paralyzed me, and I carry with me now, as I have so often carried with me before this trouble began, the daily thought of death's sure door which might open for me at any moment out of all cares and labors into most welcome rest

His evidence of bodily frailty and mental disorder took the world by surprise but more or less all the subs of the New York Independent writers who insure the lives of their fellow men upon reasonable profit or ... sound ness They had heartily insured Mr Beecher One of the strongest companies has written large amounts ... different times ... upon his life one of them ... which ... sufficient interest in the matter to investigate it, writes to the *Daily Graphic*—

"I found that the [Mr Beecher] also held policies in ... companies ... and that in all the ... applications ... his health ... had been and then was practically perfect. ... your ... Mr Beecher ... application ... for a policy to ... company ... Mr Beecher ... in reply to the question Is there now existing any ... the head externally or ... any ... tendency thereto ... palpitation ... or tremors ... any ... of the ... any ... any sort of any disease not ... questions? ... answered ... emphatically 'No.' He furthermore stated that he had never had any bodily ailment or affection ... with the exception of hay fever and that he had never experienced any symptoms of that affection ... The policy was issued and ... payable to the company interested in the 'Life of Christ' ... I have no doubt, now in force ... I am informed on unquestionable authority that Mr Beecher's application for insurance in other companies ... from which the above quotation is made and that he has life insurance to the amount of many thousands of dollars dependent upon such statements"

Looked at from the point of view of insurance on his life Mr Beecher regarded himself as almost suffering from an excess of health Looked at from the point of view of his innocence, and the adequacy of his explanation of the peculiar language of his letters to Mr Moulton, he was not only a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief, but so plagued with infirmities of the flesh—such tremors, palpitations, vertigoes, prickings, numbings and other symptoms of sudden dissolution, that he never mounted the pulpit without a vision of the conquering worm, or looked upon a green field without a thought of the narrow house In the event of Mr Beecher's death, it would be a curious complication in which his friends would be involved, who should point to his statement to show that the language of his letters was harmonious with his wretched physical condition and produce his applications for insurance to break the force of the possible suggestion of an attempt to obtain money upon false pretenses

But these incongruities can no doubt be harmonized Any one of the six gentlemen who composed the Committee of Investigation of the Plymouth Congregation is equal to that task The attorneys who have convinced the world of Mr Beecher's innocence could undertake for half the money to convince a jury that Mr Beecher was subject to hallucinations as to his own physical condition and that a man who required four years to find out the best friend God ever raised up to him was a scoundrel could not be expected to know much about himself Dr Brown Sequard might be introduced to demonstrate the duality of the brain and the possibility that Mr Beecher is mentally a Siamese twin—Chang, or the right lobe diagnosing his case when applying to insurance, and Eng, or the left lobe taking the physical survey when explaining the beautiful harmony between the anguish of his epistles and the convulsions of his ganglia Or Dr Carpenter might be imported to apply his theory of unconscious cerebration to the peculiar phenomena of this interesting case

This debilitated parson instead of dying has grown fat upon his trouble Like King Midas, he thrives upon poison A hundred times he goes into his pulpit expecting to die there, a hundred times he surprises himself by coming out alive When he writes letters to the best friend God ever raised up to him he fairly breaks down under the weight of his woes, but that friend no sooner proves himself a rascal than Mr Beecher trips off to the mountains to play croquet with the girls joke with the boys, and shine among the merriest of the merrymakers Wishing to do away with all doubt of his innocence, he explains his letters by his many infirmities of body wishing insurance upon his life, he finds his bodily health practically perfect He presents a clear case of the dual existence of a Beecher who is cheerful and depressed happy and miserable sound and sick at once and the same time and who is the most disappointed man in America touching his own funeral —*Cincinnati Commercial*

Any one who may find a stray balloon, with a lady and gentleman in it, is earnestly requested to communicate with the authorities of Calais in France On the 31st of August, M Durnof, who was the first aeronaut to leave Paris during the siege, was announced to make an aerial voyage from Calais to England in company with his wife The wind proved to be in the wrong direction, and a postponement was resolved upon, but at dinner in the hotel M and Mme Durnof were taunted with timidity, which so enraged them that they rushed from the table, got into the basket, and at seven o clock were seen mounting into space with a reasonable certainty of being blown over the North Sea Nothing had since been heard of them at our latest mail advices, and as the balloon was too small to keep afloat during a long voyage it is not likely that anything more will be heard Well, it must have been a great satisfaction to them, as they went under the waves to reflect that nobody would taunt them with cowardice again.—*N Y. Tribune.*

Elmer Washburn of Chicago is a candidate for the position of Chief of Secret Service at Washington vice Whiteley resigned. We knew if Illinois had a candidate it would be a Washburn.

Advices from Lima to the 20th of August give an account of an attempt to assassinate the President of Peru Letters had been received stating that there was a conspiracy to murder him, but the President refused to pay any attention to them An attack was made as the President was leaving the palace to walk to his house which is situated about five blocks from the government building A number of men had posted themselves for the onslaught and many shots were fired, but none struck the President The leader of the movement and thirteen other conspirators have been captured The conspiracy is said to have been widespread, and chiefly existed among discontented and unemployed military officers

Special Notices.

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Frequently medicines that will stop a cough will occasion the death of the patient, they lock up the liver, stop the circulation of the blood, hemorrhage follows, and in fact they clog the action of the very organs that caused the cough

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These symptoms usually originate from a disordered condition of the stomach or a torpid liver

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Philadelphia.

Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania.
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The Twenty fifth Annual Session will open on THURSDAY, Oct 1st 1874, and will continue twenty two weeks For particulars address RACHEL L BODLEY A M Dean 707

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LARGE PHOTOGRAPHS
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Philadelphia.

JOS A DUBOIS SAMUEL YOUNG
DUBOIS & YOUNG,
Ice Cream & Dining SALOONS,
No. 501 North Second sts, PHILA
Weddings, Parties Fairs and Festivals Furnished with every variety of Plain and Fancy Cakes Ice Cream wholesale and retail 117

WAGNER'S
LADIES' AND GENTS'
OYSTER AND DINING ROOMS,
69 North Second St, (2 doors bel. Arch),
Formerly, 62 Delaware Avenue
The finest and best Oysters in the city 381

WILLIAM ALLEN'S
DINING ROOMS,
130 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Where he is prepared to furnish the best and cheapest Meals in Philadelphia
N B —Best quality Ice Cream 237

To Get a Good Dinner,
GO TO
R. W. CLARK'S
TEMPERANCE
DINING SALOON,
No. 51 North Sixth Street,
just below Arch street,
PHILADELPHIA
337

JOHN J. SLIFER'S
(SUCCESSOR TO JACKSON & SLIFER)
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
RESTAURANT
AND
DINING SALOONS,
32 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA

GENTLEMEN OR LADIES visiting Philadelphia will find it ... accommodations ... of the ... of ... in the art of cooking, and AT MODERATE PRICES In connection with the Dining Department we give particular attention to our

Oyster Trade.

... 601

BUY YOUR
MILK CANS
AT
710 Girard Avenue.

PRICE LIST

20 qt ... 3 75
... 1 50
10 ... 0 75
43

Northern Liberty Spring Works.
JOHN GORMAN & CO.,
461 North ... Street,
PHILADELPHIA
Coach ... Spring ... Wagon ... 5

SEWING MACHINES
ESTABLISHED 185...
Of the latest and best ... at all other ... 1316 ... Ave.,
PHILADELPHIA
611 WILSON & MILLER

GEO. D. SMITH,
621 & 623 North Second Street
Between Green and Coates Sts
PHILADELPHIA
FURNITURE.
A large assortment of the best made at the lowest Cash Prices 314

SIGN OF THE BIG CHAIR.
JACOB B. RIEBEL,
Wholesale and Retail
Furniture Warerooms,
1025 *North Second Street,*
PHILADELPHIA
All kinds of Furniture, Mattresses, &c constantly on hand 469

ESTABLISHED 1853
MOORE, YORK & HOWELL,
SPECIALTY.
FINE FURNITURE.
Warerooms 261, 263 & 265 South Second St
311 PHILADELPHIA

WM. BOOZ ANDERSON,
(FORMERLY OF BRISTOL, PA)
Venitian Blind & Shade
MANUFACTORY
No. 1216 North Second Street,
PHILADELPHIA 87

FURNITURE.
ESTABLISHED 1847
S. B. REGISTER,
DESIGNER MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Fine WALNUT and COTTAGE Furniture
The WOVEN WIRE SPRING HAIR, and HUSK MATTRESSES constantly on hand
The Patent PARLOR FOLDING CAMP RECLINING and FANCY CHAIRS ... a specialty
Repairing, Varnishing and Upholstering promptly attended to
Furniture carefully packed and removed ...
No 126 Callowhill Street, Phila'a 416

AMOS HILLBORN & CO.,
BEDDING, MATTRESS,
FURNITURE;
Feather, Blanket and Bed Clothing.
WAREROOMS,
Nos 21 and 23 NORTH TENTH STREET,
ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA. 612

ESTABLISHED IN 1855
W. SANDERSON,
Furniture and Chair
WAREHOUSE,
425 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa,
Has the Largest and Finest Assortment of
Library and Office Arm Chairs,
With all the Modern Appliances
LARGE GOTHIC CHAIRS FOR PULPITS OR CHANCELS,
COMMUNION TABLES
Wheel Chairs for Invalids.
READING CHAIRS with Adjustable Backs and Tablets
FINE ARM CHAIRS FOR SOCIETY HALLS,
Together with Elegant
PARLOR SUITS.
FRENCH DESKS, and a great variety of articles called for in the business 118

Philadelphia.

DAVID L. KETLER LEWIS C OSMOND
DAVID L. KETLER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE CIGARS,
AND DEALERS IN
Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco,
S. E. Cor. Fifth and Market Streets,
PHILADELPHIA 206

A. J. ELDER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Tobacco and Segars.
CHEWING and SMOKING Tobaccos of every kind constantly on hand
FOLZBACK German Smoking a specialty
1107 N Second St Philadelphia.

CHARLES GROSS,
MANUFACTURER OF THE CELEBRATED
"Matinee and Centennial"
CIGARS
Also Dealer in all kinds of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c Wholesale and Retail
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203 PHILADELPHIA

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MANUFACTURER OF
FINE CIGARS,
And Dealer in Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, &c
1601 Frankford Road, (above Oxford St.)
PHILADELPHIA
Our 5 ct Cigars a specialty Choice Fine Cut ... 381

SUMMERS & SMITH,
Wholesale Dealer in
TOBACCO SEGARS &c,
132 Market Street, Philadelphia

KNIGHT & KOONS,
Commission Merchants,
And wholesale Dealers in
Salt Fish ... Cheese ... Dried Fruits ... Country Produce
No 10 South Delaware Avenue Phila
Consignments solicited 184

S. & W. GARRETT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
TEAS, COFFEES,
AND PURE SPICES,
N W cor Second and Callowhill Sts, Phila
All Goods guaranteed as represented 481

ESTABLISHED IN 1849

Teas, Coffees & Spices.
A NEW AND CHOICE STOCK
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT THE LOWEST PRICES
E. P HALL.
322 North Second St.
PHILADELPHIA

THOS. RILEY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCER
AND
TEA DEALER,
No. 234 Girard Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA

A. AGNEW.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCER,
COFFEE AND TEA DEALER
N W Cor Second and Poplar Sts,
PHILADELPHIA
81 COUNTRY PRODUCE ...

... Argus Oil Company's
BURNING OIL.
...
5 gallons of Oil and Can $3 00
10 do do do 5 00
5 do Can refilled ... 1 50
10 do do do 3 00
See that the seal ... Argus ... covering the cork ...
ARGUS OIL COMPANY,
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THE SHIRT OF THE PERIOD
HETHERINGTON'S
Celebrated Vest Fitting Shirt
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FINE DRESS SHIRTS A SPECIALTY,
Ready made and made to order
Special attention paid to our ... work
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P H HETHERINGTON'S
FINE SHIRT EMPORIUM AND GENTS FURNISHING BAZAR
No 257 N Tenth St below Otis St
PHILADELPHIA
...
PRICE LIST ... sent on application ...

Furniture Warerooms
AND
MANUFACTORY.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST CABINET WARE,
AT REDUCED RATES
PARLOR CHAMBER & DINING ROOM SUITS
OF EVERY STYLE
Also, BEST HAIR AND HUSK MATTRASSES & &c &c
...
DAN'L M KARCHER & SONS,
236 & 238 South Second Street,
206 PHILADELPHIA

FURNITURE.
ROBERT FREEMAN & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Well Made, Reliable & Substantial
Black Walnut
Chamber, Parlor, Library,
AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE,
Cottage Chamber Sets,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHURCH AND LODGE CHAIRS,
MATTRESSES;
All kinds of Furniture MADE TO ORDER
45 *North Second Street,*
(Between Market and Arch Sts)
PHILADELPHIA. 468

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Rural and Suburban Improvements
PLANNED AND DIRECTED BY
Walter Elder,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER
No 1341 Lodman Street Philad'a.

MRS. REBECCA S. HARPER,
Dry-Goods, Trimmings, &
NOTIONS STORE
No 1127 Frankford Avenue,
FRANKFORD
Filling ... promptly attended to

JOSEPH W. THOMPSON,
HATS, CAPS,
AND STRAW GOODS,
No 1209 North Second St, (east side,)
... Avenue
PHILADELPHIA
Also Manufacturer of Ladies' Furs 79

C. J. MALLON,
SUCCESSOR TO MALLON & MARSTON
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
PAPER HANGINGS,
1243 North Second Street Philadelphia,
All orders by mail promptly attended to 513

MICHENER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Commission House,
1101 N Second St, cor Germantown Ave
... HAMS and PROVISIONS ... 351

J. P. HELLEN,
COTTON
Commission Merchant,
... FRONT STREET, PHILA.,
...

PARK HAMS.
JOHN GREEN'S CELEBRATED PARK HAMS, Beef and Tongues
PACKING ... Establishment,
S. E. cor Norris and Howard Sts,
PHILADELPHIA
... 561

JOHN REYLE,
Merchant Tailor,
No 1033 North Second Street,
...
PHILADELPHIA 758

"Wheeler & Wilson"
New Presto ... No 6
SEWING MACHINES.
E. S. PERCIVAL,
... Main Street ... FRANKFORD
... 700

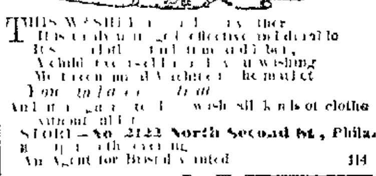
JACOB D MACE,
FRENCH
Boot and Shoe Maker,
...
City and Eastern Boots & Shoes
... 161

JOHN K. WILDMAN,
No. 26 South Third Street,
Philadelphia.
BONDS AND STOCKS
...

United States Bonds
EXCHANGED FOR OTHER SECURITIES
MARIS & SMITH,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 18 South Third Street,
Philadelphia.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, STOCKS, BONDS.
&c.
Bought and sold on Commission
Accounts of Banks Bankers and Individuals received on ... terms 616

ESTABLISHED 1850
FOR CHEAP MUSLINS,
CALICOES,
DRESS GOODS,
Silks, Fine Shawls, &c.;
GO TO
S. Wertheimer's,
70 North Second Street Philadelphia.
... Ginghams, ...
... best Ticking ...
... a specialty
S. WERTHEIMER,
70 N Second st, Phila

C. F. ZIMMERMANN,
236 & 238 North Second Street, Philada,
IMPORTER OF ALL KINDS OF
Musical Instruments.
A full assortment of Instruments always on hand 410
IF YOU WANT your ORGAN cleaned, ... or a new one Built, ...
REUBEN NICHOLLS,
FRONT STREET, above Laurel St.
PHILADELPHIA
... is a practical ...
... Episcopal Church, ... 211

PEERLESS STEAM WASHER.

THIS WASHER ... effective ... all kinds of clothes ...
STORE—No. 2122 North Second St, Phila.
An Agent for Bristol wanted 114

JAMES P. WOOD & CO.,
11 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
Low Pressure Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus, with Gold's Patent Cast Iron Boilers, Wood's American Kitchener and Furnaces
CHILDS PATENT ARCHIMEDIAN VENTILATORS
Steam Fitting in all its branches
JAMES P WOOD & CO.,
11 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

J. H. RICHELDERFER'S BAZAAR 1032 Chestnut St ... Philadelphia. Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description —Shirts, Collars Gloves Hosiery, Underwear &c Shirts made to order Gents Patent Spring and Buttoned Over Gaiters (cloth leather, linen, &c) Riding and Hunting Leggings Ladies Over Gaiters and Skirt-Supporters Children's Cloth and Velvet Leggings on hand or made to order, wholesale and retail Ladies and Gents best Kid Gloves. PRUSSIAN SALVE, for Corns, Bunions, Sprains, In Grown Nails and Warts Certain cure J. H. RICHELDERFER Sole Agent for the United States, 1032 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa 305

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Bucks County Gazette:

Thursday, September 17, 1874.

BRISTOL POST OFFICE

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

PHILADELPHIA—Closes 7 00 A M 1 30 and 5 15 P M, Arrives 8 00 A M 1 30 and 8 00, P M

NEW YORK—Closes 8 00 A M, 1 30, 5 15 P M Arrives 11 30 A M 7 00 P M

TRENTON—Closes 7 15 8 00 A M, 3 30, P M arrives 10 0 A M, 4 0 and 7 00 P M

PRINCETON NEW BRUNSWICK, RAHWAY ELIZABETH NEWARK and JERSEY CITY closes 8 30 A M, 3 30 P M, arrives 8 30 A M 7 00 P M

DOYLESTOWN—Closes 10 00 A M 5 45, P M, arrives 9 45 A M 8 00 P M

NEWPORTVILLE HULMEVILLE ATTLEBOROUGH NEWTOWN WRIGHTSTOWN PINEVILLE and BUCKINGHAM—Closes at 10 00 A M, arrives at 7 45 A M

TULLYTOWN and MORRISVILLE and POST OFFICES on the B D R R, closes 7 15, A M, arrives 4 30, P M

DOLINGTON—Arrives 9 30 A M closes 10 00 A M

JESSE T. MEARS P M

☞ THERMOMETRICAL REPORT for the week ending Wednesday September 16—Furnished by Jesse B Mears, as noted at Bristol Post Office.

	7 A M	1 P M	6 P M
Thursday, Sept. 10,	60	83	74
Friday, 11	68	85	82
Saturday 12	71	84	76
Monday 14	68	70	73
Tuesday 15	68	70	75
Wednesday 16	71	70	69

SORTS.

IT costs the County 98 cents a day to keep a prisoner in the Doylestown jail

COURT commenced at Doylestown on last Monday. A large attendance is reported.

THE cry of the *Intelligencer* for rain has been heard

THE cattle disease still prevails in some sections of Bucks county.

SAMUEL SWAIN has our thanks for a basket of most excellent Seckel pears

MAGNETIC iron ore is said to exist in different parts of Milford township

THE pasting or gumming of a printed address on a postal card renders it unmailable as a postal card, and subjects it to letter postage

EDMOND LAWRENCE is preparing to build two more comfortable residences on Penn street

A HANDSOME new banking house to be occupied by S. C. Fell & Co., is about being erected at Hatboro?

THE Bristol Friends' First-day School re-opened on the 13th inst., with 13 teachers and 96 pupils with S[illegible] adult class

It is reported that negotiations are pending that will insure an early resumption of work on the Newtown Railroad

CAPTAIN JESSE T. MEARS offers to take stock in the Water Company for his lot on Radcliffe street

A UNION meeting and visitation of officers of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, will be held in Doylestown on the [illegible] inst

LAST Thursday evening the residence of David [illegible] on Otter street, took fire from [illegible] sparks. The flames were soon extinguished

THERE will be a meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association in the Washington Hall on Monday evening next.

AT the adjourned meeting of the Union Building & Loan Company at the Engine House Hall last Monday night, three loans were sold to John Fackler, at a premium of $32 per loan

COMMITTEES have been appointed to arrange premiums and make all necessary preparations for the Home Horticultural and Horticultural Society exhibition to take place in Johnson's Hall on September [illegible] 30th and October 1st

A NEW school house at [illegible] is being erected. The basement of the building on Wood street the floor of which is four feet underground and the ventilation very imperfect is crowded to its utmost capacity with children

THE Bristol Public Schools are now supplied with a good selection of chemical and philosophical apparatus. An air pump electrical machine microscope, and numerous other instruments comprise the collection

YESTERDAY morning a bootman appeared upon the streets at the corner of Radcliffe and Mill, who was perfectly insane from the effects of liquor. He was locked up in the Town House, and about four o'clock, was released after being fined $2

THE Republican County Meeting will assemble at the Court House, in Doylestown, on Tuesday, September 29th, to nominate candidates for the Legislature and County officers to be filled at the November election

YESTERDAY evening Philip Yeager, of this Borough, had a severe paralytic stroke in his saloon near the Market street wharf. His left side was totally paralyzed and the other partially affected. He was conveyed to his residence in a carriage, and died at 1 o'clock this morning

Thomas Crooks who resided on Market street, died suddenly on Tuesday morning of neuralgia of the heart. A few hours before his death complaining of not feeling well, he laid down on a lounge, from which he fell, and before the arrival of a physician life was extinct

A PARTY of our young men hired the yacht "Atlas" and started down the river at midnight of Sunday last, to see the race between the "Kleintz and Strunnel." They report a pleasant excursion with the exception of one of their number getting sick from eating too much "pickled salmon."

LAST Tuesday morning about three o'clock the Engine House was entered by some unscrupulous persons who sprung the bells upon the hose carriage and caused a false alarm of fire. Charles E Scott Burgess offers a reward of five dollars for information leading to the arrest of the guilty parties

CAPTAIN S. WARWICK has just opened a new oyster saloon on Washington street, below Wood. The Captain has nicely furnished two rooms for the accommodation of the public, and intends to keep none but the best oysters in the market. His saloon is run on the strictly temperance principle, and is such, deserves the liberal patronage of the temperance people of Bristol

BRISTOL BOROUGH COUNCIL.—A stated meeting of the Borough Council was held in the Town Hall on Monday evening, 14th inst. Members present, Messrs Chas L Scott, Burgess, A. L. Parker, C. W. Pierce, S Pike James M Stack, David Stackhouse, Morton Walmsley, Henry M Wright and J Wesley Wright.

The Burgess reported in regard to the obstructions on Market street, that about one-half of the lumber had been removed. The Street Committee reported adversely to the improvement of Mill street hill at the present time.

BILLS PASSED

Joseph Tomlinson,	$ 5 00
James Wright,	2.85
A Peterson,	3 50
William Fennell	3 50
Hepworth & Collins,	12 45
Total,	$27 30

The Treasurer handed in the uncollected balance of the Duplicate to be collected by the Constable

An ordinance to extend and further lay out and open Bath, Lafayette, Pond and Wood streets and an ordinance to lay out and open Locust, Spruce, Race and Swain streets in the Borough of Bristol, were read and passed. These ordinances will be found in our advertising columns

On motion the Treasurer was directed to pay the Fire Company's note, due in December and amounting to $1100, and to retain the same as a voucher.

An ordinance was passed appointing John Adams policeman for the Borough, at a salary of $25 per month. Council then adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening next.

REPUBLICAN DELEGATE ELECTIONS.—The Republicans of the several election Districts of Bucks County, included within the Seventh Congressional District, are notified by the Republican County Committee that an election for delegates to the Congressional Convention at North Wales, on the 28th inst., will be held on Saturday, the 26th of September, 1874, between the hours of 5 and 7 P. M. Delegates in the several districts will be chosen according to the following appointment

Bristol Borough	3	Morrisville	1
Bristol Township	2	New Hope	1
Bensalem	1	Newtown Borough	1
Bedminster	1	Newtown Township	1
Buckingham	3	New Britain	2
Doylestown Borough	1	Northampton	2
Doylestown Township	1	Plumstead	2
Falls	2	Southampton	1
Hilltown	2	Solebury	4
Hulmeville	1	Warrington	1
Lower Makefield	2	Warminster	1
Upper Makefield	2	Warwick	1
Middletown	2	Wrightstown	1

The names of the Judges and Inspectors appointed by the County Committee to hold the delegate elections in the several districts are as follows

Bristol Borough—At the Town Hall Judge, Chas L Scott, Inspectors, Lewis M Whitton, John Adams

Bristol Township—At Laurel Bend School House Judge Edward Baker, Inspectors, Edward Minster, Charles Brown

Bensalem—At Eddington Valley Inn Judge John Ridge Inspectors Howard Fowler Charles Ridge

Bedminster—At Keller's Hotel Bedminsterville Judge B H Landis, Inspectors Reed Fretz, Philip R Kront

Buckingham—At Righter's Hotel Centreville Judge Charles K Fell, Inspectors James Conrad, W C Evans

Doylestown Borough—At Miller's Hotel Judge, Henry C Michener, Inspectors, Morris P Jarrett, Charles H Hall

Doylestown Township—At the Fountain Head Judge, George McDowell, Inspectors John White, Jacob Clemens

Falls—At Tyburn tavern Judge Jacob Watson, Inspectors Owen M[illegible] Hector Watson

Hilltown—At Mount Pleasant Judge A L Rell, Esq Inspectors, Dr Harvey Kratz, Jacob S Angeny

Hulmeville Borough—At Johnson's Hall Judge George Douglass, Inspectors, John P Carey, William Gillingham

Lower Makefield—At Shoemaker's Hotel Yardleyville Judge William Cadwallader Jr, Inspectors E W Twining E B Comly

Upper Makefield—At the Eagle Judge A S Jamison Inspectors Edward Merrill Isaac Randall

Middletown—At Hundings Hotel Attleborough Judge, Thomas Finney, Inspectors Edward C Scott Hector Waldman

Morrisville Borough—At the Town Hall Judge Joseph C Taylor, Inspectors, Edmund Wright Daniel Stackhouse

New Hope Borough—At the Town Hall Judge, John Ludcock, Inspectors, P N Ely, Jesse L Walton

New Britain—At Kneibler's Hotel Whitehall ville Judge John B Hellemin, Inspectors I L Summers William Clymer Sr

Newtown Borough—At the Council Chamber Judge Geo A Jenks Inspectors Isaac H Hillborn Tr[illegible]

Newtown Township—At the Township House Judge Geo C Worstall, Inspectors, Thomas Mattland, J H P Linton

Northampton—At Byrnes Hotel Jo[illegible] Judge Jesse L Twining, Inspectors [illegible] Van Horn, Charles C Knight

Plumstead—At Gardenville Hotel Judge [illegible] Inspectors Henry Kratz, Cyrus W M[illegible]

Southampton—At Penn Worthington Hotel Feasterville Judge [illegible] Knight Inspectors I C Hobensack Curtis Worthington

Solebury—At C[illegible] Hall Judge [illegible] Inspectors J H Worstall Robert N B[illegible]

Warrington—At Little [illegible] Hotel Judge George Garner, Inspectors, Th[illegible] Huddleston

Warminster—At [illegible] Hotel Warminster Judge Samuel Davis, Inspectors W[illegible] Joseph Conrad

Warwick—At C[illegible] Hotel Tom[illegible] Judge Sp[illegible], Inspectors Lewis Kess S[illegible] Walton

Wrightstown—At Morrison Hotel Anchor Judge Dr Albert Heigo, Inspectors George Warner, Jr Lambert Twining

HULMEVILLE ITEMS.—The Lodge of Good Templars at this place gave a fine entertainment or free concert on Thursday evening last. It consisted of instrumental and vocal music, speeches, and readings. The orchestra consisted of Miss Ella Vandegrift, pianist and Messrs Stark, Vandegrift and Parr violinists. There were also duetts by Charles F Harrison piano and Mr William Fritz. Miss Jennie and Minnie Harrison sang duetts. Rev Mr Rumsey and Messrs Brinkle and [illegible] G Harrison made speeches. All who attended were highly delighted

On next Thursday evening Mr Frank Leslie's *Illustrated paper* will be present to make an address which is to be preceded by a musical entertainment. The public are invited. It was announced that these free entertainments will be held every second Thursday during the winter

The re-opening of the meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be on next Friday evening, 18th inst, Lewis D Vail Esq, of Philadelphia, and others will be present

The material for the side walk on Main street, has been hauled, and it will be laid down under the superintendence of councilman Townsend at once. This long needed improvement is hailed with delight by our citizens

Joseph Jackson, was obliged to kill his horse, it having broken its leg in the stable, on the night of the 15th inst

The hotel property at Newportville, estate of John G. Hibbs, deceased has been sold to Isaac G Morris for $9000. It is reported that Burtis Magill is to be the landlord. This will be refreshing news to the thirsty citizens of Newportville

It is expected that at this court, Attleboro will be incorporated into a borough

The new Railroad which is to pass near this place is progressing finely,—147 bids were offered by contractors, the result was to be announced on Thursday but we have not heard who are the successful ones. We understand the Delaware bridge will be commenced at once

The drinking fountain to be erected by the Good Templars of Hulmeville between this place and Newportville, has been ordered. It will be made of Newtown brown stone

The Neshaminy creek at this place has not been lower since 1838. The cotton factory, for the past two or three weeks, has run only at intervals, making about two full days in a week. The present rains are hailed with delight and the prospect now is full time and full wages

WARMINSTER NOTES.—The farmers are engaged in digging their potatoes which yield but a medium crop. The Peerless are the best but Jackson Whites were most planted

Griffith Miles had a good horse that died recently

On Saturday, the 5th inst Lewis Rorer while engaged in repairing a carriage house at his residence in Northampton township fell through the floor, a distance of about eight feet injuring his spine so that he died in a few days

Mary Sprogel has moved from Warminster to Northampton

Some of our Warminster farmers are complaining that they have lost quite a number of fowls the past two weeks, by being stolen as well as by the chicken cholera, which is raging in this vicinity

Benjamin Van Cleve, of Johnsville, dug a potato this season of his own raising which weighed fully a pound and a half

A colored camp meeting commenced last Saturday in Small's Grove, on the Bristol Road Ivyland, to be continued till the 21st inst

Mrs Rebecca Tyson has sold her residence at Weldon, Montgomery county, and has moved to Warminster.

It is said that at Joseph Krewson's carriage works near Hartsville, they have completed this season, some of the best work in the county. A specimen of their work can be seen at Miss Miles in Northampton—a two seated phaeton which is admired by all

Isaac Rutherford, of Warwick, is having a new barn built by Charles Flood

Courtland Carr, an aged man and well known citizen of Warwick, who was recently married, has since been well serenaded

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Bristol Post Office, Wednesday evening, September 16th. William Allen, Matt Archer, Margery Brogan, Linda Burley, Emanuel Cornell, A. DeRoache, Henry Diston, J B Dresser, Martha Feaster, G W Gravatt, Thomas Green, Patrick Hickey, Sarah Hobbs, Mary Johnson, Margaret Jones, Caroline Johnson, E A Juless, Maurice Keating, Edward Lord, Alice Lyle, Anna Lovett, Sallie P Medora, Mary T. Malioney, Henry Morton, Hannah Muskneugh, James Patterson, W. T Potts, John W. Prand, Wm A Rehrig, Mrs Scollin, Susan Scott, Wm. Shuler, Julia Summerville, Anna L. Smith, Mark Wilkie, Mrs. E. Williams.

THE new bridge at Chapman's ford, is rapidly approaching completion.

THE Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has undertaken a work of reform that must meet a hearty response from every humane person in the Commonwealth. The law restraining persons from ill-treating or abusing animals is so little known outside of the legal profession, that no apology is needed for reproducing it in the columns of the GAZETTE. It reads as follows

AN ACT

FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS IN THIS COMMONWEALTH

Be it enacted, &c

SEC 1 Any person who shall, within this Commonwealth wantonly or cruelly *ill-treat*, overload beat, *or otherwise abuse* any animal, whether belonging to himself or otherwise, or shall keep or use or in any way be connected with or interested in the management of, or shall receive money for the admission of any person to any place kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any bull bear, dog cock or other creature, and every person who shall encourage aid or assist therein, or who shall permit or suffer any place to be so kept or used shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on being convicted thereof before any alderman or magistrate, shall be fined by the said alderman or magistrate for the first offence in a sum not less than ten dollars, nor more than twenty dollars and for the second and every subsequent offence, in a sum not less than twenty nor exceeding fifty dollars [*See Amendatory Act, below] And if said fine or penalty, and the cost of proceedings be not paid, then said alderman or magistrate shall commit said offender to the County Prison, there to remain until discharged by due course of law *Provided*, That when the fine imposed exceeds the sum of ten dollars, the party complained against may appeal from the decision of said alderman or magistrate to the Court of Quarter Sessions, upon his entering bail in the nature of a recognizance, in the usual manner for his appearance at said Court when the offence shall be prosecuted, in the same manner as is now directed by law in other cases of misdemeanor

SEC 2 If, in lieu of deciding the cause, such alderman or magistrate shall bind over or commit such person to appear at the Court of Quarter Sessions or if such person shall appear as aforesaid, or upon such binding over or commitment appear before the said Court and be there convicted of such misdemeanor, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, payable as aforesaid or undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the Court

SEC 3 If any person shall be arrested for carrying or causing or allowing to be carried, in or upon any cart or other vehicle whatsoever any creature in a cruel or inhuman manner, the person taking him into custody may take charge of such vehicle and its contents and deposit the same in some safe place of custody and any necessary expenses which may be incurred for taking charge of and keeping the same and sustaining any animal attached thereto, shall be a lien thereon, to be paid before the same can be lawfully removed. Or the said expenses, or any part thereof, remaining unpaid, may be recovered by the person incurring the same of the owner of said creature, in any action therefor

SEC 4 If any maimed sick infirm or disabled creature shall by any person be abandoned to die in any public place such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be lawful for any alderman or magistrate to appoint suitable persons to destroy such creature if unfit for further use at the cost of the owner thereof recoverable before the said alderman or magistrate

SEC Any policeman or constable of any city or county, or any agent of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals shall upon his own view of any such misdemeanor or upon the complaint of any other person who may declare his or her name and abode to such policeman, constable or agent make arrests and bring before any alderman or magistrate thereof offenders found violating the provisions of this Act

JOHN CLARK
Speaker of the House of Representatives
WILMER WORTHINGTON
Speaker of the Senate

Approved the twenty ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JOHN W GEARY

*AN ACT

Amendatory to an Act entitled "An Act for the punishment of cruelty to animals in this Commonwealth, approved March twenty ninth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine."

SEC 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That so much of the first section of an Act entitled "An Act for the punishment of cruelty to animals in this Commonwealth," approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine as requires the payment of one half of any fine to be paid to any informer be and is hereby repealed and that from and after the passage of this Act all fines and penalties imposed by any alderman or magistrate under said Act of March twenty ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, shall be payable to the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals

SEC 2 That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent hereto are hereby repealed

JAMES H WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
WILLIAM A WALLACE
Speaker of the Senate

Approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy one

JOHN W GEARY

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT

To an Act, entitled "An Act for the punishment of cruelty to animals in this Commonwealth," approved March twenty ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine

SECTION 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same* That any agent of the Pennsylvania Society, or any other society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, be and is hereby authorized and empowered to seize any bull bear, dog cock, or other creature kept used or intended to be used for the purpose of fighting or baiting and to sell the same for the benefit of said Society. *Provided* That when the seizure is made, the animal or animals so seized shall not be deemed absolutely forfeited but shall be held by the officer seizing them until a conviction of some person is first obtained under the first section of the Act to which this is a supplement for keeping or using, or being connected with or interested in the management of any place used for fighting or baiting animals and the animal or creature seized shall have been found on the premises which are the subject of complaint. *And further provided* That the agent making such seizure shall make due return to the magistrate or alderman before whom the complaint is heard, of the number and kind of animals or creatures so seized by him, and it shall be the duty of the magistrate or alderman hearing the complaint in case of a conviction to make the forfeiture of such animals or creatures seized a part of the sentence

WILLIAM ELLIOT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAMES S RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate

Approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two

JOHN W GEARY.

A match game of base ball was played on the Bath grounds, on Saturday the 12th inst, between the National of Attleboro' and the Active of Bristol. Below is the score in full

Active	O	R	National	O	R
Patterson lb	2	1	[illegible] cf	3	2
Allen	1	1	Hawaston, cf	3	2
Evans, cf	2	5	[illegible] p	3	0
Cope, p	1	3	Walton 1 b	3	2
Wicklass	2	5	Price s s	4	2
Lee, c	1	6	A Price 3 b	2	1
A Joyce, lf	3	5	Black 1 f	3	3
Downing, 2		1	Leech	5	1
W Joyce, II	6	2	Lacompt, c	1	1
	27	31		27	14

Score by Innings

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Active	0	2	3	1	1	0	12	0	1	7
National	1	1	0	0	7	2	0	1	2	11

Putout by Patterson 8, Allen [illegible] Cope [illegible] Downing, 2, Joyce 3, Kirk 2—27. Walton 11 I Price [illegible] [illegible] 3 Lee [illegible] Lacompt 0—27. Assisted by Allen 7 Downing Kirk 2 Kirk 1,—12 Black 1, J Price, 2, Lee 3 Lacompt 1, A Price 2—12

☞ Next Monday, being the day of Atonement which is religiously observed by all Jews, the store of S. A. Gump will be closed on that day

MARRIED

DIXON—WRIGHT.—September 10th 1874, by Rev D K Turner of Hartsville Mr Alexander Dixon to Miss Helen Wright, of Philadelphia

DIED

STACKHOUSE.—At the house of John P Wheeler in Falls township September 8th, 1874, John Y Stackhouse, aged 87 years, 6 months and 26 days

HOGELAND.—At his late residence, in Southampton September 7th, 1874, Isaac Hogeland, in the 83d year of his age

GROOM.—At Richboro', September 9th, 1874, Miss Lizzie Groom

MORGAN.—In Moreland, September 13th, 1874, Charles son of Benjamin Morgan.

BRISTOL GRAIN MARKET.

Reported by HOOPES BROTHERS

Bristol, Wednesday, Sept 16, 1874

Amber Wheat per bushel	$1 25 to $1 30
Corn	98
Oats	55 to 58
Rye	90 to 90

Bristol Table Prices Current.

Bristol, Wednesday Evening Sept 16, 1874

FLOUR AND MEAL—	
Best White Wheat Flour, per bbl	$10 00
Do Red Wheat per bbl	8 50
Do do per ¼ sack	1 07
Do do per ⅛ sack	74
Graham Flour, per 100 lbs	3 75
Corn Meal, per 100 lbs	2 00
FRESH MEATS—	
Beef roast, per lb	15 to 22c
Beefsteak per lb	18 to 25
Veal per lb	10 to 22
Mutton, per lb	10 to 18
CURED MEATS—	
Covered Hams sugar cured	15
Uncovered	19
Shoulders, sugar cured	10
plain	8
Dried Beef	20
Beef Tongues	1 00
MACKEREL—	
No 1, new	15
prime	14
per bbl	18 00
½ bbl	9 75
¼	5 50
kit	3 00
POULTRY—	
Chickens (live) per pair, per pound	15
Chickens (dressed) per pound	22
BUTTER, LARD, &c.—	
Butter, best for table use, per lb	43
Butter, cooking per lb	35
Lard, per lb	18
Eggs, per dozen	30
Cheese per lb	18
VEGETABLES AND FRUITS—	
Onions per half peck	25
Potatoes (new) per peck	26
Sweet Potatoes per peck	60
N Y Plums, per lb	30
Dried Apples per quart	12
Dried Peaches per pound	18
Dried Peaches peeled, per lb	20
Dried Currants, per lb	10
Dried Cherries, pitted, per lb	45
Raisins, per pound	16 to 25
Prunes, best, per lb	16
Green Apples per peck	20
Peaches, per half peck	30 to 30
Tomatoes per half peck	10
Grapes per lb.	8 to 10
Corn per dozen	15
Pine Apples	14 to 20
SUNDRIES—	
Coal Oil per gallon	20
Pure Cider Vinegar, per gallon	30
Lima Beans per quart	18
Beans (dried) quart	10 to 12
Rice, per lb	10 to 12
Lemons, per doz	50

Philadelphia Bond and Stock quotations reported expressly for the GAZETTE by JOHN K WILDMAN, No 26 South Third street, Sept 16, 1874

BONDS.—Pennsylvania Loan, 2d series 108 a 109, Pennsylvania Loan, 3 series, 111 a 112, Philadelphia City 6 s, 103¾ a 104, Allegheny Valley 7 30 s, 88 a 90, Camden and Amboy 6 s 1883 92½ a 93½, do do 1889, 90 a 91, do Mortgage, 1889 101 a 102, Lehigh Valley 7 s, 104 a 105 N. Pennsylvania 7 s 103½ a 103¾, Pennsylvania and New York Canal 7 s, 103¼ a 103½, Pennsylvania R R 1st Mort 103½ a 104½, do general Mort Coupon 92¼ a 93, do do Mort Registered 91, a 95 Philadelphia & Erie 7 s, 90 a 92 Philadelphia and Reading 7 s 107¼ a 108 do General Mortgage 7 s Coupon 101 a 101¼ do do 7 s Registered 101 a 105 do New Conv 7 s 101 a 101¼, Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St Louis 7 s, 93¼ a 93½, West Chester 7 s 101 a 101½, West Jersey, 7 s 101 a 104 Wilmington and Erie 1st Mortgage 7 s 70 a 80 Lehigh Navigation Gold Loan 6 s 90¼ a 97

STOCKS.—Lehigh Valley Railroad 61¾ a 61¼, Mine Hill Railroad 52 a 52¾, Nesquehoning Valley Railroad 53 a 54 Pennsylvania Railroad, 50¾ a 51, Philadelphia and Reading Railroad 57¼ a 57½, Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad 126 a 127 United Co's of N J (C & A) 127 a 128. Central Transportation Company 44 a 44½ Fifth and Sixth Sts Railroad 70 a 73 Hestonville Railroad 19 a 20, Second and Third Streets Railroad 63 a 64

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY Sept 16 5 P M

FLOUR.—The market is dull without however, material change in prices. Sales of 1000 barrels including superfine at $4 50 a $5 75 extras at [illegible] a [illegible] Wisconsin extra family at $6 a 6 75, Minnesota do do at $7 a 7 50 Pennsylvania Ohio and Indiana do do at $7 50 a 8 50 and high grades at $8 50 a 8 50 as in quality. Rye Flour sells at $5 50 In Corn Meal no sales

GRAIN.—The Wheat market is firm but there is not much doing. Sales of red at $1 30 a 1 35 amber at $1 40 a 1 48 and 800 bushels Indiana white at $1 50 Rye may be quoted at 95 a 96c. Corn is quiet and 5000 bushels sold at 93 a 96c for yellow. Oats are not much sought after and prices are weak. Sales of 4000 bushels Western white at 62 a 64c and 900 bushels do mixed at 62 a 63c. The receipts to-day are as follows: 6[illegible] bbls Flour 2 400 bushels Wheat 76 00 do Corn, 19 500 do Oats, 573 bbls Whiskey

PROVISIONS are without material change. Pork —Sales of mess pork at $24 a 24 50 prime mess at $21 Beef hams at $20 a $27 Bacon is steady sales of sugar cured city smoked hams at 15 a 16c, city cured Western at 15 a 16c, rubbed sides at 14c clear rubbed do at 15¾ a 16c and shoulders at 9¾ a 10c. Fresh meats are unchanged. Sales of pickled hams in lots at 14 a 14½c, green hams at 14c pickled sides at 12 a 12¼c, [illegible] at 12 a 12½c. Shoulders at 8 in bulk and 9 a 9½c. Lard is firm, sales of city refined and Western steam at 15¼ a 15c and kettle rendered at 15c

SEEDS.—New Cloverseed is quoted at 10 a 11c Timothy commands $2 90 a 3

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

Monday, Sept 14 5 P M

The market for Beef Cattle was dull this week and prices favored buyers ½ a ¾c per pound on all grades. Sales of common to choice at [illegible] a 7¼c the latter an extreme price. Receipts 4100 head

Sheep of good quality met a fair demand but at a shade lower prices. Sales at 4 a 5c the latter for [illegible]. Stock were quoted at $2 a [illegible] per head Lambs ranged from 7 to 7½c to good and $1 a $3 0 [illegible] head for common. Receipts 14 000 head

Hogs were rather quiet. We quote corn fed at 11 a 12 per 100 pounds net. Receipts 5000 head

New Advertisements.

Apple Grinders, Presses and Parers,

CORN HOOKS and KNIVES, LARD PRESSES, Corn and Truck Baskets, Ladders, Shovels, Forks, &c Fall Garden Seeds

J. W. CORNELL & CO.,

Dealers in all kinds of Farming Implements & Seeds, **88 Warren Street, Trenton, N. J.**

Baths, Rustic Work and Flower Pots 513

Estate Notice.

ESTATE of JOHN Y STACKHOUSE late of Falls Township, Bucks County deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having demands against the same to present them in proper order for settlement, without delay, to

JESSE L STACKHOUSE Executor

Emilie Bristol Township, September 17th, 1874 638

T. T. WILLS, Fashionable Hatter,

NO. 308 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA

N. B.—Silk Hats made to order any style desired. Washing, Ironing and Repairing, Ironing Cutting Hats, Altering the Curls to suit fashion or Fancy. Putting on Bombazines, new Bands Bindings, Leathers &c 637

J. M. SHEPPARD, WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

505 NORTH TENTH STREET.

Above Buttonwood,

PHILADELPHIA

Watches Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired. Wedding Rings and Society Badges made to order

C G WALTON · A WALTON · B F WALTON

WALTON BROS.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Looking Glass, Portrait and Picture Frames,

Brackets Cornices Tassels Cords Etc

No. 327 North Second Street.

ABOVE VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA

Glasses removed and re-Gilding promptly attended to. Chromos in great variety

NEWPORTVILLE FLOUR MILLS,

NEWPORTVILLE, PA.

FLOUR FRESH GROUND FROM THE BEST WHEAT,

Promptly delivered to Customers.

SEEDS:

Such as TIMOTHY and CLOVER, constantly on hand at the most reasonable prices

Cash paid for all kinds of Grain at market prices, such as Wheat, Corn Rye, Oats &c

I. C. FLEFLER,
Newportville, Pa.

C1

SEALING WAX.

CINNAMON, whole and ground

CLOVES, " "

GINGER, " "

ALLSPICE, " "

MUSTARD, " "

PEPPER, " "

NUTMEGS, " "

PREPARED WHEAT, Hubbell's.

CONDENSED MILK, Borden's.

EXTRACT OF BEEF, Liebig's

PATENT BARLEY, Robinson's

RICE FLOUR, strictly pure,

At DR. PURSELL'S

608 **Drug Store.**

New Advertisements.

C. LEUTZ,

Furniture Warerooms,

131 NORTH SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA

Old Furniture neatly Repaired Re Upholstered and Varnished

Hair and Spring Mattresses made to order 630

WILLIAM FOX,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND

Men's Furnishing Goods,

NO. 320 NORTH SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA 649

The American SEWING MACHINE!

THE SIMPLEST, MOST DURABLE, AND THE BEST!

Runs the lightest of any Shuttle Machine, makes the least noise has self setting needle, has the most room under the arm,

Never Skips Stitches or Breaks the Thread.

Is most easily learned Every Machine warranted to give satisfaction

SOLD ON EASY TERMS

The American Sewing Machines

ARE IN ADVANCE OF ALL COMPETITORS

In Valuable Improvements and points of excellence which have never been attained by other Machines

They have stood the test of the severest criticism, as well as the most intelligent, those from rival agents who have done their utmost to prevent the introduction of a Machine so

SUPERIOR IN ALL ITS PARTS,

And which possesses such valuable and important improvements

THE AMERICAN MACHINES have won for themselves unstinted praise and unparalleled success in the comparatively short time they have been before the public and the Company is constantly receiving the most substantial and satisfactory assurances that their peculiar merits and great advantages over all other machines are being fully appreciated

Their advantages are positive and unequivocal. They suit all kinds of work. Are never at fault in any kind of work they do

Send for a circular

M. A. WALMSLEY, Agent,

C 5 **Bristol, Pa.**

An Ordinance

To appoint a Policeman for Bristol Borough

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this Ordinance John Adams be and is hereby appointed a policeman in and for said Borough of Bristol until otherwise ordered

Enacted into an Ordinance at the Council Chamber this Fourteenth day of September A. D. 1874

CHARLES L SCOTT, Burgess

Attest
J WESLEY WRIGHT, Clerk 648

An Ordinance

To lay out and open Locust Spruce Race and Swain Streets in the Borough of Bristol

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same That a street is hereby laid out and opened in said Borough, beginning at a point on the northeast side of Otter street between Linden and Maple streets thence extending through land late of Walter Laing north eighty five and a half degrees west one hundred and fifty three feet nine inches to a twenty feet wide street called Pearl street thence continuing the same course from the north side of Pearl street three hundred feet to the south side of a thirty feet wide street called Green street thence continuing the same course from the north side of said Green street one hundred and twenty two feet to the middle of Otter street measured until west side. The said street being fifty feet in perpendicular width and to be hereafter known and styled Locust street. And the said street shall hereafter be at all times a public highway and be subject to the same regulations as all other public streets within said Borough

SECTION 2 That another street is hereby laid out and opened in said Borough beginning at the northwest side of Buckley street, at the distance of three hundred and nineteen feet five inches north eastwardly from Race street, being fifty feet in width and extending of that width through lands late of Anthony G Quentile deceased north twenty six degrees and a half west, crossing Plum street nine hundred and sixteen feet nine inches to its termination. The said street being fifty feet in perpendicular width and to be hereafter known and styled Spruce street. And the said street shall at all times hereafter be a public highway and be subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

SECTION 3 That another street is hereby laid out and opened in said Borough. Beginning in the line on the northwest side of Buckley street and extending through lands late of Anthony G. Quentile, deceased, north twenty six degrees and forty minutes west, crossing a twenty feet wide street called Plum street seven hundred and forty five feet measured on the west side to the edge of the Bristol mill pond. The said street being fifty feet in perpendicular width, and to be hereafter known and styled Race street. And the said street shall at all times hereafter be a public highway and be subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough.

SECTION 4 That another street is hereby laid out and opened in said Borough. Beginning in the line on the north side of Otter street at the distance of four hundred and eighty eight feet four inches from the west side of Bath street thence extending through land of Samuel Swain north [illegible] degrees east, one hundred and fifty-one feet three inches to the south side of a twenty feet wide street called Pearl street, thence continuing the same course from the north side of said street five hundred and seventy-eight feet four inches to the south side of Mifflin street measured on the east side of this street. The said street being fifty feet in perpendicular width and to be hereafter known and styled Swain street. And the said street shall hereafter be at all times a public highway and subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

Enacted into an Ordinance at the Council Chamber of Bristol Borough this Fourteenth day of September, A D 1874

CHARLES L SCOTT, Burgess

Attest
J W WRIGHT, Clerk of Council 651

An Ordinance

To extend and further lay out and open Bath, Lafayette Pond and Wood Streets in the Borough of Bristol

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same. That Bath street as now laid out and opened shall be and the same is hereby extended, further laid out and opened as follows. Beginning opposite the termination of Bath street as now opened and opposite the south line of Mifflin street thence passing through lands late of Charles Hepburn and lands of William Howell and Washington Harris north fifty nine degrees fifty minutes west five hundred and ninety four feet to an angle, thence continuing through lands of the said J[illegible] Harris north ten and a half degrees west, three hundred and twenty eight feet measured on the west side and two hundred and forty seven feet measured on the east side to the side of the old Newtown road. The said extension of Bath street to be sixty six feet in perpendicular width throughout its entire length, and the same shall at all times hereafter be a public highway and subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

SECTION 2 That Lafayette street as now laid out and opened shall be and the same is hereby extended further laid out and opened as follows. Beginning in the northwesterly line of Pond street, opposite the terminus of the present Lafayette street as heretofore laid out and opened, thence extending the same course north twenty eight and a half degrees west through lands of Joshua Peirce and lands of the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad seven hundred and eighty six feet to a street called Canal street opened by private owners. The said extension of said Lafayette street to be fifty feet in perpendicular width throughout its entire length and the same shall at all times hereafter be a public highway and subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

SECTION 3 That Pond street as now laid out and opened shall be and the same is hereby extended, further laid out and opened as follows. Beginning on the northwesterly side of Lafayette street opposite the terminus of Pond street as heretofore laid out and opened, thence continuing the same course north sixty one degrees east, through lands of Joshua Peirce three hundred and sixty four feet to the southwesterly side of Jefferson Avenue thence continuing the same course from the northeasterly side of Jefferson Avenue through the lands of the said Joshua Peirce about five hundred and forty-four feet to the middle of Adams' Hollow creek. The said extension of said Pond street to be fifty feet in perpendicular width throughout its entire length, and the same shall at all times hereafter be a public highway, and subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

SECTION 4 That Wood street as now laid out and opened shall be, and the same is hereby extended, further laid out and opened as follows. Beginning on the northeasterly side of Lafayette street, opposite the terminus of said Wood street as at present laid out and opened thence continuing the same course through lands late of John Dorrance and Henry M. Wright, and lands now of Joshua Peirce continuing the same course north sixty one and three quarters degrees east, three hundred and forty six feet ten inches to the southwesterly side of Jefferson Avenue, thence continuing the same course from the northeasterly side of Jefferson Avenue through lands of said Joshua Peirce about seven hundred and forty-five feet to the middle of Adams' Hollow creek. The said extension of said Wood street to be fifty feet in perpendicular width throughout its entire length and the same shall at all times hereafter be a public highway and subject to the same regulations as other streets in said Borough

Enacted into an Ordinance at the Council Chamber of Bristol Borough, this Fourteenth day of September, A D 1874

CHARLES E SCOTT, Burgess

Attest
J W WRIGHT, Clerk 647

PICTURE FRAMES at BOSTWICK'S GALLERY. Will sell as cheap as the cheapest 139

New Advertisements.

J. Wesley Wright,

MILL STREET,

Next to Canal Bridge,

BRISTOL, PA.

1874. Fall. 1874.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING

The Latest Novelties

IN

DRESS GOODS

AND

TRIMMINGS,

Striped Hosiery

AND

NOTIONS

For Our Fall Trade.

FALL STYLES IN

BUTTERICK'S

Cut Paper Patterns!

NOW READY.

666

Railroad.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

NEW YORK DIVISION

On and after September 10 1874

Trains to and from Bristol Station

For Philadelphia

Kensington Depot 7 13, 7 45 9 26, 10 05 A M 12 28, 4 06, 7 46 and 10 05 P M. On Sundays, 12 28 and 5 27 P M W. St Phila Depot at 4 27, and 5 52 A M 2 53, 5 11, 6 37, and 9 18 P M On Sundays 9 38 P M

For New York

At 4 16, 7 13, 9 21, and 11 47 A M 2 34, 4 30, and 7 40 P M Sundays 4 16, 9 21 A M, 4 30 and 7 40 P M

For Trenton.

At 7 13, 9 21, 11 09, and 11 47 A M 2 34, 3 18, 4 13 4 30, 5 53, 6 07, 6 18, 7 19, 9 06 P M On Sundays, 9 38 A M and 3 18 P M

☞ The 7 13 and 11 09 A M 4 13 and 6 07 P M trains connect with Belvidere Division

From Philadelphia

Leaves Kensington Depot, at 3 55, and 10 15 A M, 2 30, 3 30, 5 00, 5 40, 6 25, and 8 20 P M. On Sundays 8 15 A M and 2 30 P M West Philada Depot, at 8 30, and 11 00 A M 1 35, 3 15, 5 30 and 7 00 P M and 12 00 night

From New York

At 7 15, 8 35, and 9 25 A M, 12 25, 2 55, 4 05, and 6 55 P M

For LONG BRANCH and SQUAN, at 2 34 P M

From Trenton.

At 6 40, 8 00 and 9 10 A M 12 00, 2 30, 3 40, 4 50, 6 13, 7 00, 9 14 and 9.40 P M On Sundays 12 noon and 5 P M

From Philadelphia, Westward.

Trains leave West Philadelphia for Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the West, at 8 00, A M and 12 40, 7 30, P M, daily except Sunday, and 8 40, 10 30 and 11 55 P M daily

For Harrisburg Williamsport, the Oil Regions and Erie, at 12 40 and and 11 55 P M

For Harrisburg Elmira, Canandaigua Niagara Falls, &c at 7 40 A M

A Through Passenger Train especially for parties moving westward leaves Philadelphia at 12 05 A M, daily except Monday. For passage by this train application should be made to Francis Funk Agent, 116 Market Street Philadelphia where first class and emigrant tickets can be obtained

For further information, time tables which can be obtained at the ticket office

F THOMSON · D M BOYD Jr
Gen Manager · Gen Pass Agent
G W BARKER Supt N Y Division
F W JACKSON
Gen Supt U R R of N J Division

STEAMBOAT John A. Warner,

TRIPS RESUMED.—The splendid Steamboat John A Warner leaves Chestnut Street Wharf Phila at 2 P M and 6 P M for Beverly Burlington and Bristol touching at Riverton, Torresdale and Andalusia

RETURNING—Leaves Bristol at 7 o'clock A M and 4 P M

Fare 25 cents.—Excursion 40 cents 617

STEAMBOAT TWILIGHT.

The Steamer TWILIGHT will make two trips on and after May 10. Leaves Chestnut Street Wharf at 7 A M and 2 P M for Burlington, Bristol and Florence touching at Torresdale, Riverton, Torresdale, Andalusia, Beverly. Returning leaves Florence 4 30 o'clock A M and Bristol at 10 stopping at all the above landings. Always on the 1 o'clock trip only returns Bristol leaving there at 5 P M

On Sunday—Leave Phila at 8 A M and 2 P M Returning—Leave Bristol at 10 A M and 5 P M

Fare 25 cents.—Excursion [illegible] 17

STEAMBOAT Edwin Forrest,

Leaves Arch St Wharf		Leaves South Trenton	
Thursday Sept 17 2 P M		Thursday Sept 17 [illegible]	
Friday	18 6 A M	Friday	18 9½ A M
Saturday	19 [illegible]	Saturday	19 10½
Monday	21 8	Monday	21 12
Tuesday	22 [illegible]	Tuesday	22 1 P M
Wednesday	23 10	Wednesday	23 2
Thursday	24 10	Thursday	24

Fare—Phila to Trenton [illegible] ex[illegible] 50c, other places 25c [illegible] 11

Tarlerson? passanl Accommodation Line

BRISTOL & NEWTOWN STAGE

Mail Line via Bristol leaves Newtown at 7 30 A M on the arrival of the Doylestown Stage, passing through Mill Creek, Newportville, Hulmeville, Bustleton [illegible] Newportville [illegible] to Bristol [illegible] for New York

Returning Stage leaves Bristol at 5 07 P M [illegible] at Bristol [illegible] can [illegible] New York [illegible] and connect with the Stage

Stage to Doylestown leaves [illegible] at 1 0 P M on the arrival of the Bristol Stage, passing through Wrightstown and Pineville, Centreville Spring Valley and arriving at Doylestown [illegible]

Returning leaves Doylestown [illegible] A M passing through [illegible] and arriving at Newtown in time for the [illegible] Stage

Office in Newtown at [illegible] Hotel [illegible] the city [illegible] Exp[illegible] Office [illegible] Second street

Passengers [illegible] of the driver going down and at Kensington Depot coming up and save money [illegible]

751 · WM R TOMLINSON Proprietor

Newtown, Pa.

LEWIS R SCOTT · WM WYNKOOP

SCOTT & WYNKOOP,

Real Estate and Personal Property

AGENTS,

NEWTOWN, Bucks County, Pa

OFFICE—Corner of State Street and Washington Avenue 545

H. M. POWNALL,

HARNESS MAKER.

NEWTOWN PA

HAS on hand Heavy and Light Harness Trunks Valises and Traveling Bags

Also, **Harness Hardware,** of all kinds 326

FIRST CLASS BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

AT NEWTOWN, Bucks Co, Pa

For Circulars address

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112 531 · Principal

ROBERTS & FEASTER,

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Dealers in

COOKING and PARLOR STOVES, Heaters Ranges and all kinds of Tin Copper and Hollow Ware. Tin Roofing and Spouting attended to promptly. Water Rams Cisterns and Lead Pipe furnished and Plumbing executed 310

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Newtown Hardware House.

ESTABLISHED 1847

HILLBORN & WORSTALL,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

IRON, STEEL, &c.,

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HAVING largely increased their facilities in the Hardware and Iron trade, invite the attention of buyers to their large stock of Iron Steel Axles Springs, Thimble Skeins Wagon Axes &c. Building Hardware of every kind from the finest ornamental Locks down to the smallest Lock or Nail. Paints of all colors dry and in oil. American and French Window Glass Putty Oils & Tools of every description for all kinds of mechanics. Cutlery in profusion—English and American. Fancy articles in great variety. Iron and Wooden Ware, Rope, Chains &c. Children's Carriages and Sleds. Farm sleigh and [illegible] Powder Cement Plaster Mill Dust Powder Sand Cement Tar &c. Fertilizers of all kinds

☞ Also manufacturers of Earth Wheels of every style.—Orders of any size promptly filled

Newportville.

TIMOTHY SEED FOR SALE

ONE Hundred Bushels of fine Timothy Seed for sale at the lowest cash price, at Newportville Mills, by · I C FLEFLER

641

EDGAR ADAMS,

HARNESS MAKER,

Newportville, Pa.

Has on hand, or manufactures to order,

HEAVY AND LIGHT HARNESS

Both Double and Single, Team and Buggy Nets, Light and heavy Collars and Fly Nets Whips, Currycombs, Fancy linen Sheets and Fly Covers, Horse Blankets, Saddles, Bridles, Horse Brushes and Combs, Fancy web Halters, Leather Halters, Horse Boots, Clamp Waterproof Blacking, Vacuum Oil and Frank Miller's Harness Dressing, Neatsfoot Oil, Axle Grease, Collar Pads and Gum Pads to prevent sore backs. Also the Buckeye Safety Bridle, for hard headed horses

Gentlemen and Ladies' SATCHELS, CABS, VALISES, TRUNKS &c

Trunks and Harness repaired neatly and promptly. All work warranted. Give me a call, as I am selling as cheap as the cheapest on three months' credit 217

Trenton, N. J.

ANDREW CAHILL,

DEALER IN

Looking-Glasses, Picture Frames,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, &c,

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SARAH WARNER WILL RE-OPEN HER SCHOOL, corner of Walnut and Cedar Streets, Ninth mo (September) 14, 1874 635

Trenton, N. J.

WILLIAM M. DISBROW,

(Formerly at BOWERS OLD STAND,)

HAS OPENED A

Tobacco & Segar Store

at 27 Pearl St. N. S., Trenton N. J.

Call and be satisfied [illegible] 419

THOMAS PENNINGTON,

Manufacturer of

Light and Heavy Wagons,

And Dealer in all kinds of **Blacksmith Work. Drill Steel,** Sterling Hammers **Mining Picks** and Stone Cutters Tools constantly on hand

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON RAILING,

(At the old stand)

No. 6 Greene Street, Trenton, N. J.

☞ Particular attention given to Enclosing Cemetery Lots 571

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WEST, CLARK & CASE, Wholesale Grocers

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Cor. Stockton & Merchant Sts.,

315 **TRENTON, N. J.**

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MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

All Kinds of Cigars

OF OWN MANUFACTURE,

No 90 Greene Street, Trenton N. J.

and sold at the lowest prices. ☞ The "Ne Plus Ultra" and "Nosegay" a specialty 445

Save Your Grease.

PURE SOAPS exchanged for all kinds of KITCHEN GREASE at

I. C. SIDE & CO.'S
SOAP WORKS,

Cor. Market and Union Sts.,

184 **TRENTON, N. J.**

WILLIAM BRUMAKER,

Plain and Ornamental

PLASTERER,

19 and 21 Lamberton Street,
TRENTON, N. J.

☞ Capitols Trusses Brackets Centres, Cornice, Trimmings &c, of various Styles and new Designs

Also Public and Private Buildings finished from Architectural Drawings in a workmanlike manner, on reasonable terms

Modeling from Designs, &c.

JOBBING promptly attended to 540

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES.

I have resolved to offer my old customers and the citizens of Bucks county generally, all the advantages of buying at retail

A full assortment of the above line of Goods

AT WHOLESALE PRICES,

at my old stand

30 Warren street.

TRENTON N J

☞ Call and be convinced that you receive 25 per cent by [illegible] time.

I. FANING,
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11

TRY THE

Great Cough Remedy.

☞ BYLAND'S Celebrated **Balsam of Honey, Wild Cherry, and Tar**

A Cure for Coughs Colds Hoarseness Asthma, [illegible] Spitting of Blood Consumption Sore Throat Whooping Cough [illegible]

This celebrated [illegible] Cough Remedy has been used in [illegible] and [illegible] curing thousands of severe cases

Over 50 000 Bottles Sold!

Try it [illegible]

Children Cry for It!

[illegible] in the Family

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

CARPETS,

TAPESTRY, Brussels,

IMPERIAL THREE PLY,

AND POWER LOOM INGRAIN

CARPETS;

Wall Papers.

Persons desiring **Fine Decorations** are invited to examine samples of the same in the Store

PAPER HANGING

DONE IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY.

We guarantee to be the cheapest Store in the City

The latest improved **Balance Fixtures for Window Shades.**

AT THE NEW STORE OF

DAVID SHAW,

No. 31 North Warren St., below Front,

345 **TRENTON, N. J.**

ESTABLISHED 1847.

Exton's Trenton Crackers,

pronounced by connoisseurs the best in the Market

To guard against the numerous imitations of these celebrated Crackers, the public should

ASK FOR

EXTON'S CRACKERS,

and see that his name is stamped on each and every Cracker

☞ For sale by Grocers generally throughout the United States and by

ADAM EXTON & CO., Manufacturers,
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EXTON'S Trenton Cracker. The only genuine, original Trenton Crackers. Buy EXTON'S

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EXTON'S Trenton Crackers—Manufactured by A EXTON & CO

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BREARLEY & CO.,

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

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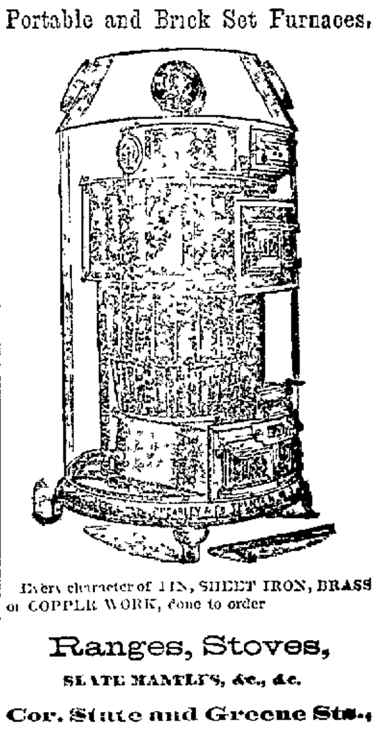
Portable and Brick Set Furnaces,



Every character of TIN, SHEET IRON, BRASS or COPPER WORK, done to order

Ranges, Stoves,

SLATE MANTELS, &c., &c.

Cor. State and Greene Sts.,

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

[For the Bucks County Gazette.]

THE BIRDS IN AGRICULTURE.

BY NEWTON PECK.

No. 8.

Cuvier, a very celebrated French naturalist, made his Second Order of Birds from the Sparrow tribe.

This is the most numerous of all his classes. Its character seems at first purely negative, since it embraces all those birds which are neither swimmers, nor hunters, nor climbers, nor rapacious, nor gallinaceous. In the meanwhile, in comparing them, we readily find among them a great resemblance in structure, and moreover passages so insensible from one species to another that it is difficult to establish subdivisions.

"They have, he continues, "neither the violence of the birds of prey, nor the determinate diet of the pheasant tribe, or of the water birds; insects, fruits and grain furnish them with food —grain as much more exclusively as their bill is larger, insects as it is more slender. Those species which have the bill very strong pursue not only insects, but even small birds.

Their stomach has the form of a muscular gizzard; they have generally two very small coecums; there are among them good singing birds, having the inferior larnyx very complicated.

The proportionate length of their wings and the extent of their flight are as variable as their manner of life.

Their sternum in the adult state has ordinarily only one semi-circular hollow in its lower border on each side. However, there are two of them in the rollers, the king-fishers, the bee-hunters, and fall entirely in the martins and wrens.

We make our first division according to the *feet*, and then we have recourse to the *bill*.

The first and most numerous section comprehends the genera in which the external claw is united to the internal only by one or by two phalanges.

The first family this division is that of the *Dentirostres*, whose bill is hollowed on the sides of the point. It is in this family where we find the greatest number of insectivorous birds; however, almost all devour also berries and other tender fruits.

The genera are determined by the general form of the bill; strong and compressed in the speckled magpie and in the blackbird, depressed in the little fly-catcher.

The speckled magpies have the bill triangular at the base and compressed at the sides. They live in families; their flight is precipitate and unequal; they utter sharp cries; they build with neatness their nests upon trees, and lay five or six eggs, and are remarkable for the care they bestow upon their young. They have the habit of readily imitating some of the notes in the warbling of birds belonging to other tribes that dwell in their neighborhood.

According to Wilson, the magpie is found in both continents, though it is much more limited in its range in America, being confined to the northern and western regions. In its habits and manners it much resembles its brethren, the crows; like them it indiscriminately feeds on animal and vegetable food; it is peculiarly destructive to the eggs and young of the feebler tribes of birds. It is about 18 inches in length, and weighs eight or nine ounces. It has a black bill, wings and tail, but the latter are variegated with white, green, purple and blue of different shades. The construction of the nests of these birds shows great art, they having a thorny cover and the entrance being at the side. The female lays from five to seven pale-greenish eggs, closely spotted with black. When taken young, they readily become domesticated and learn to repeat many words and even sentences, as well as to imitate every noise within hearing. This faculty appears to have been known to the ancients, as Plutarch relates an account of the performance of one of these birds belonging to a barber in Rome. Like the other birds of the crow tribes, the magpie is a notorious thief, and will not only steal food, but will carry off any articles within its reach, particularly such as are shining, as buttons, spoons, jewelry, &c., which it carefully conceals in its nest. Its general character has been described by Goldsmith in the following terms: "Were its other accomplishments equal to its beauty, few birds could be put into competition. Its black, its white, its green and purple, with the rich and gilded combinations of the glosses on its tail, are as fine as any that adorn the feathered tribe. But it has many of the qualities of the beau to depreciate these natural perfections; vain, restless, loud and quarrelsome, it is an unwelcome intruder everywhere, and never misses an opportunity, where it finds one, of doing mischief."

THE TRUE POLICY.—The only true policy for farmers is to create home markets for their products. This can be done by encouraging home manufactories. Whatever can be made at home as well and economically as elsewhere should be there made. The operatives of factories are consumers of farm products, and as these are multiplied, so the demands of the market are a direct saving to the farmer. The first furnishes him the manufactured article at his own door without the intervention of middlemen or railroad tariffs. The second furnishes him the best practicable price for his farm and garden products at home, where he can make his own exchanges, paying no commission and suffering no delays or loss from transportation. No farmer who consults his own interest will pass by his own home factory to purchase his wagons, harness, plows, and other farm tools in a distant market, for by so doing he not only has to pay a fair living price to the manufacturer, but also he has to pay the cost of transportation, and he has no redress if the article does not prove as recommended. Then he cripples his home manufacturer, and weakens or destroys the home market for his products. While it is eminently wise for farmers in every way to encourage the locating and building up of manufactories in their own immediate vicinities, it is not, generally, wise for them to attempt to organize and manage them in their own special interests by means of joint stock companies or otherwise. Only a person skilled in a special department of business is capable of conducting it successfully. More business failures are the result of unskilled persons undertaking their management than from any other cause. Every man to his own trade is the true plan. Very few tanners would succeed in running a woolen factory successfully; neither could it be expected that a farmer could be a successful plow manufacturer. Farmers who form companies and establish factories, are largely at the mercy of the workmen they employ, and especially the man they make superintendent of the business. Hence the frequent failures of joint stock companies. It is not wise for farmers to invest their money in such companies, because they can generally use it more safely and profitably in improving and developing their farms. But there are skilled workmen in all of the mechanical trades ready to engage in local manufacturing if they can be assured that they will receive the support of the community where they locate. This assurance farmers can and ought to give.—*Indiana Farmer.*

AN ARITHMETICAL DOG.—The gentleman who witnessed the event was a short time since on a visit to Scotland, and during one of his walks he came across some men who were washing sheep. Close to the water where the operations were being carried on, was a small pen, in which a detachment of ten sheep were placed handy to the men for washing. While watching the performance, his attention was called to a sheep-dog lying down close by. This animal, on the pen becoming nearly empty, without a word from any one, started off to the main body of the flock and brought back ten of their number, and drove them into the empty washing-pens. The fact of the dog bringing exactly the same number of sheep as had vacated it was looked upon as a strange coincidence, a mere chance. But he continued looking on, and, much to his surprise, as soon as the men had reduced the number to three sheep, the dog started off again and brought back ten more; and so he continued throughout the afternoon, never bringing one more nor one less, and always going for a fresh lot when only three were left in the pen, evidently being aware that during the time the last three were washing he would be able to bring up a fresh detachment. —*Land and Water.*

A real estate owner having let all of his houses but one, was asked if that unlet house was his last. "Yes; last, but not leased," was his reply.

Seem less pants—Those that shrink upon washing.

THE HABIT OF READING.—"I have no time to read," is a common complaint, and especially of women whose occupations are such as to prevent continuous book perusal. They seem to think, because they cannot devote as much attention to books as they are compelled to devote to their avocations, that they cannot read anything. But this is a great mistake. It isn't the books we finish at a sitting which always do us the most good. Those we devour in the odd moments, half a dozen pages at a time often give us more satisfaction, and are more thoroughly digested, than those we make a particular effort to read. The men who have made their mark in the world have generally been the men who have in boyhood, found the habit of reading at every available moment, whether for five minutes or five hours.

It is the habit of reading rather than the time at our command that helps us on the road to learning. Many of the most cultivated persons whose names have been famous as students, have given only two or three hours a day to their books. If we make use of spare minutes in the midst of our work, and read a little, if but a page or a paragraph, we shall find our brains quickened and our toil lightened by just as much increased satisfaction as the book gives us. Nothing helps along the monotonous daily round so much as fresh and striking thoughts, to be considered when our hands are busy. A new idea from a new volume is like oil which reduces the friction of the machinery of life. What we remember from brief glimpses into books often serves as a stimulus to action, and becomes one of the most precious deposits in the treasury of our recollection. All knowledge is made up of small parts, which would seem insignificant in themselves, but which taken together are valuable weapons for the mind, and substantial armor for the soul. 'Read anything continuously,' says Dr. Johnson, 'and you will be learned.' The odd minutes which we are inclined to waste, if carefully availed of for instruction, will, in the long run make golden hours and golden days, for which we shall be ever thankful.—*Scribner's Monthly.*

KEEP AMMONIA IN THE HOUSE.—No housekeeper should be without a bottle of spirits of ammonia, for besides its medical value, it is invaluable for household purposes. It is nearly as useful as soap, and its cheapness brings it within reach of all. Put a teaspoonful of ammonia to a quart of warm soapsuds, dip in a flannel cloth, and wipe off the dust and fly specks, and see for yourself how much labor it will save. No scrubbing will be needful. It will cleanse and brighten silver wonderfully; to a pint of suds mix a teaspoonful of the spirits, dip in your silver spoons, forks, etc., rub with a brush and polish with chamois skins.

For washing mirrors and windows it is very desirable; put a few drops of ammonia on a piece of paper and it will readily take off every spot or finger mark on the glass. It will take out grease spots from every fabric; put on the ammonia nearly clear, lay blotting paper over the place and press a hot flat iron on it for a few moments. A few drops in water will clean laces and whiten them as well; also muslins. Then it is a most refreshing agent at the toilet table; a few drops in a basin of water will make a better bath than pure water, and if the skin is oily, it will remove glossiness and disagreeable odors. Added to a foot bath it entirely absorbs all noxious smell so often arising from the feet in warm weather, and nothing is better for cleansing the hair of dandruff and dust. For cleaning hair and nail brushes it is equally good.

Put a teaspoonful of ammonia into one pint of water, and shake the brushes through the water. When they look white rinse them in water and put them in the sunshine, or in a warm place to dry. The dirtiest brushes will come out of this bath white and clean. For medicinal purposes ammonia is unrivaled. For the headache it is a desirable stimulant, and frequent inhaling of its pungent odors will remove catarrhal colds. There is no better remedy for heartburn and dyspepsia, and the aromatic spirits of ammonia is essentially prepared for these troubles. Ten drops of it in a wine-glass of water are often a great relief. The spirits of ammonia can be taken the same way, but it is not as palatable.

A PERSIAN CALL.—A correspondent of the Cleveland *Herald*, writing from Kerbela, Persia, says: "I called on the widow of one of the ex-kings of India—an old lady over eighty years of age. She receives a pension of 6,000 rupees ($3,000) a month from the English Government, and maintains a large establishment. Of course, I did not see the ex-Queen herself—that would not be according to etiquette—but as I was being conducted through a long passage towards the reception-room I caught a glimpse of a very old and wrinkled face peering through a half-opened door, and I am inclined to think that she saw *me*. I was received by her brother and cousins, and seated myself on a cushion placed upon a large Persian carpet. Five or six officers of high rank were located around me on the carpet, while those of the lower grade sat upon the marble floor farther down the room. After exchanging elaborate *salaams*, coffee was brought in and offered to me on a silver tray, then a dish of preserved fruit. A Narghilah came next, richly decorated with gold and silver filigree work, and prepared with rose-scented water. A large tray was brought in on which was a bowl of pink-colored sherbet, from which the servant filled a glass with a curiously carved ladle of sandal wood, and some very sweet cakes were a part of this course. Again came the 'hubble-bubble' pipe, but this time of a different pattern. The last course consisted of four dishes of sweetmeats, which were urged upon me by my hosts as especially Indian preparations, so as a matter of courtesy I had to taste of each. It is impossible to describe them, or to tell of what they were made, but they certainly were very delicious. Another bowl of sherbet of a different color and flavor, and then a chibouk with amber mouth-piece and long jessamine stem, closed the entertainment."

A gentleman whose learning does not appear to have set very lightly upon him, addressed a boy whom he found fishing, in the following simple and unaffected manner:—

"Adolescens! art thou endeavoring to entice a member of the finny tribe to engulp into his denaiculated mouth the barbed hook, at whose point is fixed a dainty allurement?"

"No, sir," said the boy, "I'm fishin'."

The same heavy scholar, wishing to put up his horse and gig for the night, went into the court-yard of an inn, and thus addressed the ostler:

"Extricate my quadruped from the vehicle, stabulate him, and award him a sufficient portion of nutritory aliment, and when the aurora of morning shall tint the oriental horizon, bring him forth, and I will award thee a sufficient pecuniary compensation for thy amiable hospitality."

The ostler ran in and told his master that a Dutchman had just arrived.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE IN SWITZERLAND.—The experiment of admitting women to the franchise, and even to the exercise of still more important political functions, is about to be tried in the Canton of Schwyz, one of the smallest, and also one of the most ultramontane divisions of the Swiss confederation. The Echo says:—The concession is probably founded less upon the principles of abstract justice than upon a desire on the part of the Grand Council to perpetuate the ascendancy of the ultramontane party in the canton, the women of Schwyze being, like some of their sisters elsewhere, notoriously under the dominion of their spiritual guides. Whether the political emancipation of women will have the results anticipated by those who advocate it in consequence of ulterior views of this kind, is a question which can only be answered by experience. Mr. John Stuart Mill explained the alleged allegiance of women to the clergy by the fact that the latter are the only men who treat them as reasonable beings.

UNDER-GROUND LIFE.—"Aye, maister," said a Cornish miner in Colorado, "it be true a hard loife, but we'ns are brought up to it loike and begout the danger we'll enjir it same loike o'yon the air' bout you. Aye, it be maister, dark, but don't think'en we cawn't tell'e day from noight. Aye, can we, an' make a mighty differ atween 'e noight and day. No mon can sleep 'e same in day as noight; he can't fix it up nohow, an' we do know when noight come on to 'e minute, when 'e sun go down. But worst o' all be what we'uns call 'e dyin' hour o' tee noight; as fro three to four o' mornin.' There 'e best o' us gins 'e hammer a sloight drop an' feels his strength a goin." Experience in the mines proves the curious fact that there is a "dying hour" about three or four o'clock in the morning; and though one would think day and night the same in this Egyptian gloom, the miners find a vast difference.

If a pail of water be placed within six inches of either side of a stem of a pumpkin or vegetable matter it will, in the course of the night, approach it, and will be found in the morning with one of the leaves on the water. If a prop be placed within six inches of a convolvulus or scarlet runner it will find it, although the prop may be shifted daily. If, after it has twined some distance round the prop, it be unwound and twined in an opposite direction, it will return to its original position or die in the attempt; yet, notwithstanding, if two of the plants grow near to each other and have no stake around which they can entwine, one of them will alter the direction of the spiral and they will entwine around each other.

SIZE OF WAGON WHEELS.—Experiments recently made in England indicate that wagons are most easily drawn, on all kinds of roads, when the fore and hind wheels are of the same size, and when the pole lies lower than the axle.

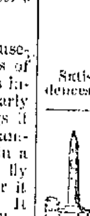
Burlington, N. J.

W. E. SCHERMERHORN,
Paper Hanger,
Also, Dealer in
WALL PAPER OF ALL KINDS AT CITY PRICES.
Paper Hanging done cheaper and as well as by any one in the city.
30 East Union St. & Market Place,
BURLINGTON, N. J.
Orders respectfully solicited. 475

J. R. DUBEL'S
Fancy Cake Bakery, Confectionery,
Restaurant and Ice-Cream Saloon.
Parties, Families and Pic-nics supplied at short notice.
ICE CREAM and Water Ices Wholesale and Retail. Also Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Figs, Nuts, &c., which are constantly on hand, at
10 High St., Burlington, N. J. 466

HILLIER & BREWIN,
AUCTIONEERS,
And Dealers in New and Second-hand
FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.,
93 High St., Burlington, N. J.
☞ Housekeeping articles of all kinds constantly on hand. 467

J. W. WEBB,
Successor to W. Watson Miller,
MANUFACTURER OF
FINE DRESS SHIRTS,
AND DEALER IN
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
NO. 64 HIGH STREET,
BURLINGTON, N. J.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Measures taken at residences. 131



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Marble Works.
BROAD STREET,
Opposite Railroad Depot,
BURLINGTON, N. J.
G. F. COLEMAN, Prop'r.
Monuments, Head Stones, Platforms, Sills, &c.
Grave Lots enclosed.
All orders promptly attended to. 312

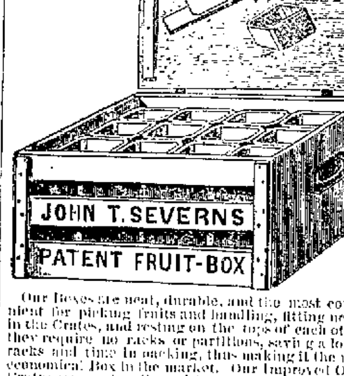
J. B. CHERRY,
Merchant Tailor,
AND DEALER IN
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
AND ALL KINDS OF
Ready Made Clothing,
NO. 53 MAIN STREET,
BURLINGTON, NEW JERSEY.

LARGEST STOCK
and lowest prices
IN THE COUNTRY.

Sole Agent for Burlington County, for the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine.

☞ The Citizens of Bristol will accept thanks for past patronage, and are solicited to renew their visits at
No. 53 Main Street
367 BURLINGTON, N. J.

Burlington Fruit Box.



Our Boxes are neat, durable, and the most convenient for picking fruits and handling, fitting neatly in the Crates, and resting on the tops of each other, they require no racks or partitions, saving a loss of racks and time in packing, thus making it the most economical Box in the market. Our Improved Open Crates are put together with annealed and clinched nails, strongly bound at the corners. They are perfectly ventilated, being open at the sides and bottom, the Boxes being double corners affording a good circulation of air through the Crate, and having been tested for a number of years, have proved to be the best package in use.

PRICES.
60 qt. crates and boxes, iron bound, $3.50;
48 qt. do. do. do. $2.75;
36 qt. do. do. do. $2.15,—[with 60 pints, $2.45;
32 qt. crates and boxes, iron bound, $1.80;
36 qt. do. do. without iron, $1.85,—[with 60 pints, $2.10;
32 qt. do. do. do. do. $1.60;
24 qt. do. do. do. do. $1.50,—[with 40 pints, $1.70.
☞ Quart boxes $2.50 per hundred.
Pint do. $2.00 do. do.
25 cts. per hundred extra for packing.

TESTIMONIAL.
Philadelphia, March 17th, 1873.
J. T. SEVERNS & SON:—Gents,—We, the undersigned, Commission Merchants, having used the Burlington Fruit Box for several seasons, can recommend it as being the most durable, and fruit will demand better prices than in any other box in use.

ISAAC A. VANSCIVER,	JAMES LOGAN,
W. T. BURWEN,	BURDSALL & WELLS,
G. V. GITHENS,	J. GASKILL & SON,
JOSIAH W. HORN,	N. D. MARSHALL,
ELLIS L. HERBS,	CYRUS GITHENS,
JACOB HISCHMAN,	JOSEPH B. CLEMENT & Co.
AARON B. KIMBLE,	

Parties ordering by mail will please order before the Berry Season, as we are then frequently unable to fill orders at short notice.

MOULDINGS.—An assortment constantly on hand, worked of kiln-dried lumber of the best quality, at 75c. an inch per 100 feet.

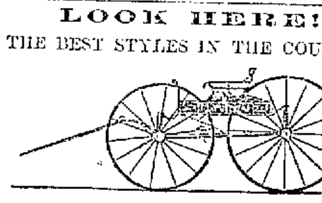
Will keep for sale, or work to order, Flooring, Siding, Planed and Unplaned Lumber, at a reasonable price.

FACTORY, Delaware St., Burlington, N. J.
331 J. T. SEVERNS & SON.

Newportville.

UNION HALL,
Newportville, Bucks Co., Pa.,
Is one of the largest and finest Halls in the county, for Lectures, Exhibitions, Parties, &c.
TO LET, on reasonable terms. Apply to or address
W. R. VANDEGRIFT,
329 Newportville P. O., Pa.

LOOK HERE!
THE BEST STYLES IN THE COUNTY.



W. W. ROSE
HAS NOW ON HAND A HEAVY STOCK OF
CARRIAGES,
consisting of all
The Latest New York Patterns.
SHOO FLIES,
TRACK SULKEYS,
TROTTING WAGONS.
SUNSHADES, FALLING TOPS,
GERMANTOWNS AND
JAGGER WAGONS.
☞ The public are respectfully invited to inspect my stock. 65

Bristol.

B. F. ALLEN.

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Domestic and Imported Fruits,
PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE, GLASS WARE,
Notions in Every Line.
GLOVES—Kid, Lisle, Leather, &c.
Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, &c.
Ladies' Underwear, of best makes.
Toilet Goods, Perfumery, &c.
Carpets, Matting, Oil-Cloths, &c.
Window Curtains and Curtain Goods.

And a great diversity of carefully selected Goods, the supply of which are watchfully kept up to the times, and parted with at a very small profit, especially on all goods not governed by ruling market prices—and on some of these we drop a percentage from usual profits.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats and Caps,
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, &c., &c.
CHOICE PRESERVES AND PICKLES,
Packed and Prepared Fruits,
CONFECTIONERY, &c., &c.

B. F. ALLEN'S system of liberal dealing, aided by his obliging and accomplished assistants, has greatly increased his custom since he took possession of the new storehouse, for which he thankfully makes his acknowledgment.

☞ Goods promptly delivered at all hours.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

B. F. ALLEN,
Corner of Radcliffe and Mulberry Streets,
BRISTOL.
635

CHROMOS. For sale at BOSTWICK'S PICTURE GALLERY. Will sell at cost for six weeks.—Oct. 21st. 135

CASPER ULLERICH,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 29 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.
LADIES, Misses and Children's Shoes, Gentlemen's and Boys' Boots and Shoes, heavy and fine, all selling cheap for cash. REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. First class work made to order and satisfaction guaranteed. 638

WILLIAM TERNESON,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES.
The finest and latest Styles of work for Ladies and Gents. FIRST CLASS BOOTS made a specialty. SOLE LEATHER and UPPERS of all descriptions constantly on hand and to be had at city prices. Store at Corner Mill & Pond Sts.,
602 BRISTOL, PA.

HAIR AND HUSK MATRESSES
MADE TO ORDER, and RENOVATED.
CARPETS and MATTING taken up and laid.
ORDERS left at Kinsey's Hardware Store, or at my Residence on Dorrance Street above Wood, will receive prompt attention.
Refer by permission to Moore, York & Howell, No. 261 South Second St., Alexander Miller, 211 South Second, and A. Grossman, 210 North Second Street, Philadelphia.
413 JOHN F. McMILLAN.

BRISTOL
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 11, 1874.
PRICES:—Tuition for Day Scholars, $20 per term of five months.
607 R. A. PEIRCE, Principal.

ROOFING.
IMPROVED EGYPTIAN ROOFING.
It has proved itself better and more durable than tin; is less than half the cost; can be applied to STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS.
Especially adapted to covering old shingle roofs.
Manufacturers, MINCH & BANNISTER,
OFFICE, No. 135 North Fourth St.
Factory, Germantown Railroad and Berks St.
N. B. Roofing shipped to any part of the country.
410 W. H. PAXSON, Agent, Bristol.

IRON FENCING.
THOMAS B. HARKINS, Bristol, Pa.,
MANUFACTURER OF
CROWELL'S PATENT IRON FENCES FOR BUCKS COUNTY.
THE public are respectfully invited to call and examine samples at the Iron Foundry on Dorrance street near the railroad. Particular attention given to enclosing cemetery lots. All kinds of castings made to order. 503

LOOKING-GLASSES.—LOOKING-GLASSES—Looking-Glasses at Bostwick's Gallery. 138

A. F. YOUNG.
No. 46 MILL STREET, BRISTOL, Pa.,
General Agent and Surveyor
FOR THE
NEWTOWN Fire Insurance Company.
Capital $150,000.
Risks placed at Lowest Rates consistent with safety, and all Orders promptly attended to.
627

WICKERSHAM & BROTHER,
Manufacturers of the Celebrated
PATENT COMBINED IRON FENCES,
WINDOW GUARDS, &c.
Samples can be seen at the Office of
H. E. WALKER & CO'S Hardware Store,
628 47 MILL STREET.

BRISTOL
INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE
AGENCY.
A. F. YOUNG.
Houses to Let and For Sale
624 In all parts of the Borough.

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers to the Stock of the BRISTOL WATER COMPANY are hereby notified that the First Instalment of ten per cent. (two dollars and fifty cents on each share,) will be due August 1st, 1874, and the Second Instalment of like amount will be due September 1st, 1874; payable to the Treasurer, at his place of business.
By order of the Board of Directors.
L. A. HOGUET, TREASURER.
Bristol, Pa., July 22, 1874. 533

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!
MRS. J. SINGLETON, NO. 40 MARKET STREET, has bought Mrs. M. A. Rankin out in the Hair Business, and is now prepared to take your combings and make them up to your order in SWITCHES, PLAITS, PUFFS, CURLS, &c.
Will also renew DRESS MAKING in connection with the hair business. Being grateful for past favors, I will be thankful for future patronage.
MRS. J. SINGLETON,
233 No. 40 Market street, Bristol, Pa.

Estate Notice.
ESTATE of JOHN G. HIBBS, late of Bristol Township, deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same, are desired to present them in proper order for settlement without delay, to
ELIZABETH HIBBS, Administratrix,
at Newportville, Bucks county,
or B. F. GILKESON, her attorney,
Newportville, Aug. 18, 1874. 618

Estate Notice.
ESTATE of S. THEODORE GREEN, late of Falls Township, Bucks County, deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same, are desired to present them in proper order for settlement, without delay, to
AMOS B. HEADLEY, Administrator,
Cum testamento annexo.
At Tullytown, P. O., Bucks County.
Or B. F. GILKESON, his Attorney.
Tullytown, Aug. 18, 1874. 619

Estate Notice.
ESTATE of ALBERT HOGUET, late of Bristol Borough, Bucks County, deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same, are desired to present them in proper order for settlement, without delay, to
ANNIE HOGUET, Administratrix,
Bristol Borough.
Or B. F. GILKESON, her Attorney.
Bristol, Aug. 18, 1874. 620

Bristol.

MRS. J. MERRICK BROWN,
45 Mill Street.

New Store!
New Goods!!
AT PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
DRESS GOODS,
Trimmings, Embroidery, Laces, Velvets, Velveteens, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, &c.,
GENTS, LADIES, AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.
Complete assortment of Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Sewing Machine Needles and Oil.
Also, a great variety of HUMAN HAIR, IMITATION GOODS, CURLS, FRIZZES, ROLLS and BRAIDS. Combings made up into any form.

Whitman's Choice Confectionery.
622

M. A. WALMSLEY.

DRY GOODS
As Cheap as the Cheapest, and as Good as the Best!

THE RUN ON "THOSE REMNANTS" STILL CONTINUES!

Thousands of Yards Sold!

10,000 Yards For Sale!

SPLENDID STYLES
As Hundreds Can Testify.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF RIBBONS!

Fancy Groceries!
A FULL LINE—CHOICE STOCK!
M. A. WALMSLEY.
623

J. V. FOSTER,
NO. 33 MILL STREET, BRISTOL,
DEALER IN
DRY-GOODS,
GROCERIES,
AND
Provisions.
A full line of fine Groceries and Vegetables in season.
☞ COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange.
613

FOR SALE.—A Fine lot of RAZORS, TABLE and POCKET CUTLERY, SCISSORS, etc., for sale at the Hardware Store of J. T. KINSEY, near the Post-Office Mill St., Bristol. 116

H. M. WRIGHT,
No. 25 BATH STREET BRISTOL, PA.,

DEALER IN
LUMBER of all descriptions;
COAL, well picked, screened, and under cover;
WOOD, cut ready for use;
BRICK, BAR SAND,
Calcined PLASTER, CEMENT,
Lime, Hair, Chimney-Tops, Cord Wood, &c.
Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
636

JOSEPH S. PEIRCE,
WASHINGTON STREET, BRISTOL PA.,
DEALER IN
COAL,
WOOD,
LIME,
SAND,
BRICK,
Curb & Building Stone,
TERRA COTTA PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
Garden Vases in variety.
140

FOR SALE OR RENT.
Two new Houses on Penn Street. Also, a nice LOT on Cedar, adjoining Rev. J. C. Hyde's new House. Apply to
510 DORRANCE & LAWRENCE.

LOTS FOR SALE, AND HOUSES Built by Contract.
DORRANCE & LAWRENCE.
52 Bristol, Pa.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
SMALL STONE HOUSES on Lafayette Street. $8 per month.
ONE LARGE SEVEN ROOM HOUSE on Washington Street. $12 per month.
TWO LARGE TEN ROOM HOUSES, with French Roof, on Dorrance Street. $18.75 per month.
ONE LARGE NINE ROOM HOUSE at the corner of Wood and Lafayette Streets. $15 per month.

FOR SALE:
FRAME HOUSES of all sizes and descriptions, ranging from $1,100 to $2,500. Located on Lafayette, Washington and Dorrance Streets. Very liberal terms offered.

Building Lots for Sale,
On Lafayette, Washington and Dorrance Streets. Also on Jefferson Avenue, destined to be the handsomest and most attractive street in the borough. HOUSES ERECTED BY CONTRACT on any of the above streets, when desired.
637 JOSHUA PEIRCE.

Bristol.

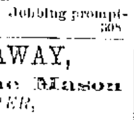
J. H. BOSTWICK Makes the Celebrated CAMEO Photograph. None better. 136

DR. G. W. ADAMS,
(A GRADUATE IN DENTAL SURGERY,)
No. 28 Radcliffe Street,
BRISTOL, PA.
☞ Out of Office on Second-day. 218

E. G. HARRISON,
Real Estate and Insurance Agency,
CONVEYANCING AND SURVEYING,
No. 44 Mill Street,
356 BRISTOL, PA.

CHARLES WOLLARD,
Contractor & Builder,
Washington St., bet. Cedar & Wood Sts.,
BRISTOL, PA.
HOUSES BUILT BY CONTRACT,
and all kinds of Carpenter Work promptly executed.
☞ Satisfaction guaranteed. 6007

W. H. KARR,
Practical Watchmaker & Jeweler,
Cor. Mill and Cedar Sts.,
BRISTOL, PA.



A specialty of repairing fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. A full assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Specks and Eye-Glasses on hand, and repaired. All work warranted for one year. 521

J. V. BUCKMAN,
Surveyor & Conveyancer,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
AND
General Insurance Agent.
BRISTOL, PA.
Office on Radcliffe Street, a few doors above the Delaware House, and under the Observer Printing Office. 612

EDWARD C. FLOCK,
Carpenter and Builder,
CEDAR STREET, ABOVE WALNUT,
BRISTOL, PA.
Houses built by contract or day. Jobbing promptly attended to.
Stair-Building a specialty. 294

CHARLES H. YORK. RICHARD E. SHAW.
YORK & SHAW,
Carpenters & Builders,
Wilson St., bet. Walnut and Mulberry,
BRISTOL, PA.
Houses built by contract or day. Jobbing promptly attended to. 508

WILLIAM ALLAWAY,
Bricklayer, Stone Mason
AND PLASTERER,
BATH STREET, Bristol, Bucks Co., Pa.
Ranges, Heaters and Boilers set and re-set.
Jobbing promptly attended to. 270

FURNITURE
Re-upholstered and Varnished;
HOUSE PAINTING; also
WALL PAPER Sized and Varnished.
Special care given to China Glossing.
JOHN F. McMILLAN,
277 Dorrance St., above Wood, Bristol.

WILLIAM TABRAM,
Furniture, Stoves, Hardware,
Rag and Iron Merchant,
BRISTOL, PA.
ALL kinds of Second-hand Stoves and Furniture constantly on hand. KEYS fitted to Locks and LOCKS repaired. Cash paid for Rags, Paper, and all kinds of METALS. 361

JOHN R. BOYD,
No. 6 Radcliffe Street, Bristol,
Genuine Havana and Key West
CIGARS A SPECIALTY.
☞ Quality and prices guaranteed to suit the most fastidious customers.
Finest and medium grades of TOBACCO AND CIGARS at reasonable prices. 276

AT NO. 61 MILL ST., BRISTOL,
PERSONS IN WANT OF
TINWARE
of the best quality and manufacture, will find it at
C. C. DOUGLASS'
Stove & Tinware Store.
ROOFING and JOBBING done on the best of terms. 63

JOHN H. BOSTWICK,
Photographer and Color Artist,
Bristol, Pa.

WILSON RANDALL,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER.
BATH STREET, BRISTOL, PA.
REPAIRING promptly attended to. Address or call on
WILSON RANDALL,
601 Bath St., Bristol, Bucks Co., Pa.

GRACE & TAYLOR,
House, Sign, and General
Decorative Painters.
Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging.
Graining on an entire new principle, for Halls, Dining-Rooms and Libraries, greatly superior to the old methods.
Graining and Paper Hanging made a specialty, and executed in any part of the country, on the shortest notice. Nothing used but the best materials. Satisfaction guaranteed.
All orders should be addressed
GRACE & TAYLOR,
115 Franklin St., Bristol, Pa.

EDWARD B. BROWN,
CARRIAGE PAINTER,
AND
TRIMMER,
OTTER STREET,
Bristol, Bucks County, Pa.
CARRIAGES neatly Painted and Trimmed, at reasonable prices.
All work warranted, and promptly attended to.
281

THOMAS ROBERTS & CO.,
Livery and Sale Stables
OPPOSITE THE DELAWARE HOUSE.
ALL KINDS OF
HORSES AND CARRIAGES
TO HIRE.
Also, Horses and Carts to Hire.
HORSES MULES & CARRIAGES
For Sale or Exchange.
ALWAYS ON HAND.
101 B. F. STREETER, Salesman.

Bristol.

WILLIAM BLACKWOOD,
Bread and Cake Baker.
S. E. cor. Mill and Otter Streets,
BRISTOL, PA.
Tea Biscuit and Cakes of all kinds constantly on hand.
Hot Rolls and Fresh Bread served for breakfast.
Orders for Ice Cream and Water Ices filled with promptness.
WEDDINGS and PARTIES supplied. 398

CHARLES A. AHLEE,
DEALER IN
Confectionery and Ice Cream,
No. 43 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.
CAKES, FANCY CANDIES, NUTS, FRUITS, &c., constantly on hand.
Weddings and Parties supplied with promptness.
370

JAMES S. CAWLEY,
DEALER IN
Confectionery & Ice-Cream,
(AT SAILOR'S OLD STAND.)
No. 93 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.
☞ Weddings and Parties supplied promptly.
Also in connection with the Confectionery, Ladies and Gents' OYSTER SALOON, where Cedar Creek Oysters will be served at short notice. 421

☞ IF YOU WANT
A PLATE OF GOOD ICE-CREAM
GO TO
HARRY MORTON'S,
Rear of Buckley Street, Bristol.
☞ Ice-Cream, wholesale and retail, at reasonable prices. All orders promptly filled.
Ice-Cream flavored to order. 510

WILLIAM FOSTER,
DEALER IN
ICE CREAM,
Washington Street, between Wood and Pond,
BRISTOL, PA. 465

WM. MUNCE,
DEALER IN
Confectionery and Ice Cream,
Cor. Maple and Otter Streets,
BRISTOL, PA.
Weddings and Parties supplied with promptness.
438

The Great Summer Drink for the Million.
SARSAPARILLA MEAD.
ONLY Five Cents a glass. At
WEVILL'S Drug Store,
63 Mill St., Bristol.

At J. Milnor's Store,
Corner of Wood and Washington Streets,
BRISTOL, PA.
Can always be found a full line of
Fine Groceries and Provisions,
consisting in part of
DRIED BEEF, PREPARED HAM, BUTTER, LARD, TEAS and COFFEE.
And in fact everything in the Grocery Line. 21

New Grocery and Provision Store.
In Dorrance St., between Wood & Pond Sts.,
BRISTOL, PA.
ROBERT SNYDER
Respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a new Grocery on Dorrance Street, and keeps constantly on hand a supply of fresh Groceries, Fresh Meats, and Vegetables in their season.
☞ Goods delivered to any part of the Borough, free. 461

JOHN LACY,
FAMILY GROCER,
Cor. Washington & Pond Sts., Bristol, Pa.
Confectioneries of every description.
Also TEA, Coffee, Sugar, Spices, Molasses, Tobacco and Cigars, &c., &c.
☞ Mince Meat of our own make constantly on hand. 307

BOATMAN'S GROCERY STORE.
LOCK No. 3, ON CANAL.
LOUIS WOOLMAN.
Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Crackers, Cheese, and everything in the Grocery line, constantly on hand. 302

GEORGE C. GILLINGHAM
Dorrance St., bet. Wood & Pond Sts.,
BRISTOL,
KEEPS A USUAL FRESH SUPPLY OF
Groceries & Provisions,
Which he aims to furnish to his customers, both in quality and cheapness, as low as can be anywhere obtained in this vicinity. Also,
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON.
By studious attention to business and the wants of customers, he hopes to secure liberal patronage. 47

W. E. WALKER & CO.,
No. 47 Mill St., Bristol.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE;
Also, WOODEN WARE, and House Furnishing Goods. Discount to the trade. Builders' Hardware a specialty. 185

LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS made from life or old Daguerreotypes at Bostwick's Gallery. 137

THE INDEPENDENT MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY effects insurance on Real and Personal Property, on the strictly mutual principle, in Bristol and parts adjacent.
GEORGE W. BRAWN, President.
WATSON COMLY (Bybery P. O.), Sec'y and Treas.
JOSHUA V. BUCKMAN, Agent,
509 Bristol.

COMMERCIAL
Insurance Company:
Office No. 44 Mill Street,
BRISTOL, Pa.

JAMES M. SLACK, PRESIDENT;
E. G. HARRISON, SECRETARY.

Directors:

JAMES M. SLACK,	JOSHUA PEIRCE,
E. G. HARRISON,	JOHN K. WILDMAN,
THOMAS HUGHES,	SAM'L H. HARRISON,
A. S. CADWALLADER.	

☞ This is a Home Company, and Insures on both Mutual and Stock Plans.
All special risks avoided.
Call at the Office or send for copy of Act of Incorporation and Conditions and Plans of Insurance.
352-470

Bristol Mills.
FLOUR, FEED, LUMBER, COAL, &c.
ROGERS BROTHERS,
Successors to J. & A. Dorrance.
Flour
Fresh ground from the best of Wheat and promptly delivered to customers.
Feed
of all kinds constantly on hand and ground to order.
Lumber.
Seasoned White Pine Boards and Plank of all grades; Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling, Lath Pickets, Oak Posts, &c.
☞ Sawed Hemlock Fencing of the best quality.
Bills for large, long or odd sized timber cut at our
SAW MILL
at the shortest notice from selected logs and at the lowest prices.
PLANING MILL.
Yellow and White Pine Flooring, Siding, &c. of the different grades, constantly on hand and made to order, which our facilities enable us to sell at very reasonable prices.
SHINGLES
In all the varieties as to size, quality and price, so that our customers cannot fail to be suited.
COAL
Of the different sizes kept dry under our sheds, well screened and free from slate and dust.
WOOD
Ready Sawed for Summer use and very cheap.
CEDAR RAILS lower than usual.

Grain Bought
At the Bristol Mills, and the highest market price paid.
471 ROGERS BROTHERS.

PICTURE FRAMES at BOSTWICK'S GALLERY. Will sell as cheap as the cheapest. 139

Bristol.

ROBERT P. SNOWDEN,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
44 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.
506

JOHN H. BOSTWICK Sells Looking-Glasses ranging in price from 12½ cts. to $15.00. Look in the Picture Gallery, and see them. 134

B. C. SNYDER. D. SNYDER.
SNYDER BROS.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SNYDER'S IMPROVED
CLOTHES-RACK,
OTTER STREET, BRISTOL, PA.
State and County Rights for sale 282

Carting and Draying.
ALL kinds of Carting done on the most reasonable terms. Particular attention paid to the moving of PIANOS and FURNITURE.
All orders left at my residence, No. 12 Walnut St., will be promptly attended to, in the very best manner.
WILLIAM SUTCH,
347 12 Walnut St., Bristol, Pa.

CARPETS
Washed and Scoured for Five Cents per Yard;
AT
Livingston Mills,
BRISTOL, PA. 462

REMOVAL.
P. O. HUTCHINS
Would inform his Friends and the Public, that he has moved to the Corner of
Wood and Mulberry Streets,
where he will continue to keep on hand an assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, Dried and Canned Fruits; also Confectioneries and Notions, Tobacco and Cigars. Fruits and Vegetables in their season.
All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. 611

THE NEW OFFICE,
North-West Corner of
Second and Chestnut
Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

BURKE'S
226 Bristol Express.

MRS. J. C. HAMILTON
Would respectfully invite the attention of the LADIES OF BRISTOL AND VICINITY,
TO HER
SPRING OPENING
OF LADIES AND MISSES
Hats and Bonnets.
Also, TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, and Fancy Goods.
Agent for Frank Leslie's Cut Paper Patterns.
Fashionable Dress Making
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
135 No. 18 Mill Street, Bristol.

J. H. FOSTER & SON,
DEALERS IN
THE CELEBRATED
ELGIN AND WALTHAM
WATCHES,
JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.
Fine Watches repaired at short notice by a practical workman. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Corner of Mill and Wood Streets,
306 BRISTOL, PA.

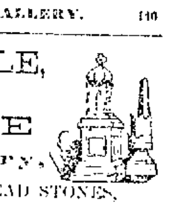
MEAT! MEAT!
MILTON WEBSTER,
65 MILL STREET,
a few doors above Wood, Bristol, Pa.,
KEEPS always a good quality of Beef, Veal, Mutton, &c., and is
PROMPTLY ON HAND EVERY MORNING,
to supply the wants of his customers. He asks the patronage of his old friends and the public generally. 37

STEPHEN H. CARR,
WOOD Street, Opposite Marble Yard,
Keeps on hand
THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS OF ALL KINDS IN SEASON.
Beef, Veal, Mutton.
FAMILIES SUPPLIED EVERY MORNING AT THEIR DOORS,
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. 395

NOW IS THE TIME
To have your BOOKS, MAGAZINES, &c., bound in the best manner, and at the lowest prices, by
JOSEPH SHIRLEY, Book-Binder,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
by leaving them with the *Sole Agent for Bucks Co.,*
J. M. CALLANAN, Mill St., Bristol,
Where will be found a full assortment of INITIAL PAPER, PAPER COLLARS, FANCY ARTICLES, Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, &c., &c.
N. B. All orders for F. A. North & Co.'s Sheet Music promptly filled. 255

STEREOSCOPIC LENSES and VIEWS at J. H. BOSTWICK'S GALLERY. 140

I. VENABLE,
DEALER IN
MARBLE
And Statuary,



MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES,
TABLE TOPS.
Marble and Slate Mantels,
Fireplace Heaters, Grates, Grate Frames,
WINDOW SILLS AND HEADS, BASE AND STEPS,
Plaster Ceiling Ornaments and Truss Brackets.
CEMETERY POSTS.—Lots Enclosed with Posts and Bars.
WOOD STREET,
Between Market and Mulberry,
253 BRISTOL, PA.

BARCLAY B. FORREST.
BENSALEM, *near Hollowood Mills,*
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
RAG CARPETS.
Carpets made to order and delivered with promptness. All orders promptly attended to. 508

HYGEIAN HOME,
Florence Hights, N.J.
All classes of Invalids successfully treated without drug medicines. The sick, who have tried all other methods of treatment in vain, are invited to be cured by the Hygienic System of medication.
514 R. T. TRALL, M. D.

ORIENT SPRINGS
Health Institute,
AMHERST, MASS.,
For the treatment of Paralysis in all its forms, Spinal Diseases, Contracted Cords and Limbs, Crooked Feet and Hands, Enlarged Joints, Wry Neck, St. Vitus' Dance, all Deformities, Lameness, and Nervous Diseases, Diseases of the Brain, Heart and Lungs, Hysteria, &c. A few families can be accommodated with SUMMER BOARD at this celebrated institution this season. Address
G. W. RHODES, M. D.,
505 Medical Director.

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